

Cantwell\_1 (as modified)

AMENDMENT NO. \_\_\_\_\_ Calendar No. \_\_\_\_\_

Purpose: To include provisions relating to space matters.

**IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES—117th Cong., 1st Sess.****S. 1260**

To establish a new Directorate for Technology and Innovation in the National Science Foundation, to establish a regional technology hub program, to require a strategy and report on economic security, science, research, innovation, manufacturing, and job creation, to establish a critical supply chain resiliency program, and for other purposes.

Referred to the Committee on \_\_\_\_\_ and  
ordered to be printed

Ordered to lie on the table and to be printed

AMENDMENT intended to be proposed by Ms. CANTWELL  
(for herself and Mr. WICKER)

Viz:

1 At the end, add the following:

2 **TITLE VI—SPACE MATTERS**

3 **Subtitle A—SPACE Act**

4 **SEC. 601. SHORT TITLE.**

5 This subtitle may be cited as the “Space Preservation  
6 and Conjunction Emergency Act of 2021” or the “SPACE  
7 Act”.

8 **SEC. 602. SENSE OF CONGRESS.**

9 It is the sense of Congress that—

1           (1) the increasingly congested nature of the  
2 space environment requires immediate action to ad-  
3 dress the threat of collisions between spacecraft and  
4 orbital debris;

5           (2) such collisions threaten the billions of dol-  
6 lars of existing United States and allied spacecraft,  
7 including the International Space Station, and en-  
8 danger the future usability of space;

9           (3) the provision of accurate and timely notice  
10 to commercial satellite operators with respect to po-  
11 tential conjunctions enhances safety;

12           (4) a 2020 National Academies for Public Ad-  
13 ministration study identified the Department of  
14 Commerce as the preferred Federal agency to man-  
15 age, process, and disseminate space situational  
16 awareness data to commercial satellite operators;  
17 and

18           (5) given the growing space economy, elevating  
19 the Office of Space Commerce within the Depart-  
20 ment of Commerce may enhance the ability of the  
21 Office of Space Commerce—

22           (A) to promote space safety through future  
23 space situational awareness and space traffic  
24 management efforts; and

1 (B) to coordinate with other Federal agen-  
2 cies and foreign entities.

3 **SEC. 603. DEFINITIONS.**

4 In this subtitle:

5 (1) CENTER.—The term “Center” means a  
6 Center of Excellence for Space Situational Aware-  
7 ness established under section 605.

8 (2) INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION.—The  
9 term “institution of higher education” has the  
10 meaning given the term in section 101 of the Higher  
11 Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001).

12 (3) ORBITAL DEBRIS.—The term “orbital de-  
13bris” means any space object that—

14 (A) remains in orbit; and

15 (B) no longer serves any useful function or  
16 purpose.

17 (4) SECRETARY.—The term “Secretary” means  
18 the Secretary of Commerce.

19 (5) SPACE OBJECT.—The term “space object”  
20 means any object launched into space or created in  
21 space by humans.

22 (6) SPACE SITUATIONAL AWARENESS.—The  
23 term “space situational awareness” means—

24 (A) the identification and characterization  
25 of space objects and orbital debris; and

1 (B) the understanding of the manner in  
2 which space objects and orbital debris behave in  
3 space.

4 **SEC. 604. SPACE SITUATIONAL AWARENESS DATA, INFOR-**  
5 **MATION, AND SERVICES: PROVISION TO NON-**  
6 **UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT ENTITIES.**

7 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 507 of title 51, United  
8 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-  
9 lowing:

10 **“§ 50704. Space situational awareness data, informa-**  
11 **tion, and services: provision to non-**  
12 **United States Government entities**

13 “(a) SPACE SITUATIONAL AWARENESS PROGRAM.—

14 “(1) REQUIREMENT.—Pursuant to the author-  
15 ity provided in section 50702, the Director of Space  
16 Commerce, in coordination with appropriate entities  
17 within the Department of Commerce and the heads  
18 of other relevant Federal agencies—

19 “(A) shall carry out a program to improve  
20 the collection, processing, and dissemination of  
21 space situational awareness data, information,  
22 and services;

23 “(B) subject to paragraph (2), may pro-  
24 vide such data, information, and services to 1

1 or more eligible entities described in subsection  
2 (b);

3 “(C) may obtain such data, information,  
4 and services from 1 or more such eligible enti-  
5 ties; and

6 “(D) not later than 180 days after the  
7 date of the enactment of this section, shall ob-  
8 tain data or services from 1 or more United  
9 States commercial entities, to be stored in an  
10 open-architecture data repository that uses  
11 commercially available cloud-based computing  
12 platforms and other analytic or visualization ca-  
13 pabilities.

14 “(2) TYPE OF INFORMATION PROVIDED.—

15 “(A) IN GENERAL.—Data and information  
16 provided to eligible entities under paragraph  
17 (1)(B) shall be safety-related and unclassified.

18 “(B) NATIONAL SECURITY.—The Sec-  
19 retary of Commerce, in consultation with the  
20 Secretary of Defense and the heads of other rel-  
21 evant Federal agencies, shall develop a policy to  
22 determine the type of information that may be  
23 provided under paragraph (1) without compro-  
24 mising the national security interests of the  
25 United States.

1           “(b) ELIGIBLE ENTITY DESCRIBED.—An eligible en-  
2 tity described in this subsection is any non-United States  
3 Government entity, including—

4           “(1) a State;

5           “(2) a political subdivision of a State;

6           “(3) a United States commercial entity;

7           “(4) the government of a foreign country; and

8           “(5) a foreign commercial entity.

9           “(c) PUBLIC SERVICES.—

10           “(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Com-  
11 merce shall designate a basic level of space situa-  
12 tional awareness data, information, and services to  
13 be provided at no charge to 1 or more eligible enti-  
14 ties described in subsection (b), which shall include  
15 public services, free of charge, such as—

16           “(A) a public catalog of tracked space ob-  
17 jects;

18           “(B) emergency conjunction notifications;

19           and

20           “(C) any other data or services the Direc-  
21 tor of Space Commerce considers appropriate.

22           “(2) LIMITATION.—The Secretary of Commerce  
23 may only provide data or services under paragraph  
24 (1)(C) that compete with products offered by United  
25 States commercial entities if the provision of such

1 data or services is required to address a threat to  
2 space safety.

3 “(d) **ADVANCED SERVICES.**—The Secretary of Com-  
4 merce may undertake activities to promote the develop-  
5 ment of advanced space situational awareness data, infor-  
6 mation, and services to foster the growth of a global space  
7 safety industry.

8 “(e) **PROCEDURES.**—The Secretary of Commerce  
9 shall establish procedures by which the authority under  
10 this section shall be carried out.

11 “(f) **IMMUNITY.**—The United States, any agency or  
12 instrumentality thereof, and any individual, firm, corpora-  
13 tion, or other person acting for the United States shall  
14 be immune from any suit in any court for any cause of  
15 action arising from the provision or receipt of space situa-  
16 tional awareness data, information, or services, whether  
17 or not provided in accordance with this section, or any  
18 related action or omission.

19 **“§ 50705. Authorization of appropriations**

20 “There is authorized to be appropriated to the Sec-  
21 retary of Commerce to carry out this chapter \$15,000,000  
22 for fiscal year 2021.”.

23 (b) **TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENT.**—  
24 The table of sections for chapter 507 of title 51, United

1 States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relat-  
2 ing to section 50703 the following:

“50704. Space situational awareness data, information, and services: provision  
to non-United States Government entities.

“50705. Authorization of appropriations.”.

3 **SEC. 605. CENTERS OF EXCELLENCE FOR SPACE SITUA-**  
4 **TIONAL AWARENESS.**

5 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to appropriations, the  
6 Secretary shall award grants to eligible entities to estab-  
7 lish 1 or more Centers of Excellence for Space Situational  
8 Awareness to advance scientific, technological,  
9 transdisciplinary, and policy research in space situational  
10 awareness.

11 (b) PURPOSES.—Each Center shall—

12 (1) conduct transdisciplinary research, develop-  
13 ment, and demonstration projects related to detect-  
14 ing, tracking, identifying, characterizing, modeling,  
15 and minimizing space safety, security, and sustain-  
16 ability risks to improve—

17 (A) space situational awareness and the  
18 development of open-architecture resources for  
19 improved space safety, security, and sustain-  
20 ability;

21 (B) the unique identification, tracking,  
22 classification, prediction, and modeling of or-  
23 bital debris and space objects;



1 (C) the monitoring, quantification, assess-  
2 ment, modeling, and prediction of space oper-  
3 ations and environmental threats and hazards,  
4 including in space collisions;

5 (D) peer exchange and documentation of  
6 evidence-based practices, policies, laws, and reg-  
7 ulations related to orbital debris mitigation and  
8 remediation; and

9 (E) sharing, modeling, and curation of  
10 data related to orbital debris, space objects, and  
11 the environment of orbital debris and space ob-  
12 jects;

13 (2) conduct policy research related to space  
14 safety, security, and sustainability so as to improve  
15 sharing of common data and legal standards related  
16 to orbital debris;

17 (3) leverage non-Federal sources of support to  
18 improve space situational awareness and minimize  
19 space safety, security, and sustainability risks; and

20 (4) draw on commercial capabilities and data,  
21 as appropriate.

22 (c) ELIGIBLE ENTITIES.—

23 (1) IN GENERAL.—To be eligible for a grant  
24 under this section, an entity shall be a consortium  
25 led by—

1 (A) an institution of higher education; or

2 (B) a nonprofit organization.

3 (2) MEMBERSHIP OF CONSORTIUM.—The con-  
4 sortium referred to in paragraph (1) may include 1  
5 or more—

6 (A) commercial entities;

7 (B) Federal laboratories, including Depart-  
8 ment of Defense research laboratories; and

9 (C) other institutions of higher education  
10 or nonprofit organizations.

11 (d) CONSIDERATIONS.—In awarding grants under  
12 this section, the Secretary shall consider, at a minimum—

13 (1) the potential of a proposed Center—

14 (A) to improve the science and technology  
15 of space situational awareness; and

16 (B) to reduce the amount of space safety,  
17 security, and sustainability risks; and

18 (2) the commitment of financial support, ad-  
19 vice, participation, and other contributions from  
20 non-Federal sources.

21 (e) GRANT PERIOD.—A grant awarded under this  
22 section shall be awarded for a period of 5 years.

23 (f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is  
24 authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section  
25 \$20,000,000.

1 **Subtitle B—National Aeronautics**  
2 **and Space Administration Au-**  
3 **thorization Act**

4 **SEC. 611. SHORT TITLE.**

5 This subtitle may be cited as the “National Aero-  
6 nautics and Space Administration Authorization Act of  
7 2021”.

8 **SEC. 612. DEFINITIONS.**

9 In this subtitle:

10 (1) **ADMINISTRATION.**—The term “Administra-  
11 tion” means the National Aeronautics and Space  
12 Administration.

13 (2) **ADMINISTRATOR.**—The term “Adminis-  
14 trator” means the Administrator of the National  
15 Aeronautics and Space Administration.

16 (3) **APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CON-**  
17 **GRESS.**—Except as otherwise expressly provided, the  
18 term “appropriate committees of Congress”  
19 means—

20 (A) the Committee on Commerce, Science,  
21 and Transportation of the Senate; and

22 (B) the Committee on Science, Space, and  
23 Technology of the House of Representatives.

24 (4) **CISLUNAR SPACE.**—The term “eislunar  
25 space” means the region of space beyond low-Earth

1 orbit out to and including the region around the sur-  
2 face of the Moon.

3 (5) DEEP SPACE.—The term “deep space”  
4 means the region of space beyond low-Earth orbit,  
5 including cislunar space.

6 (6) DEVELOPMENT COST.—The term “develop-  
7 ment cost” has the meaning given the term in sec-  
8 tion 30104 of title 51, United States Code.

9 (7) ISS.—The term “ISS” means the Inter-  
10 national Space Station.

11 (8) ISS MANAGEMENT ENTITY.—The term  
12 “ISS management entity” means the organization  
13 with which the Administrator has entered into a co-  
14 operative agreement under section 504(a) of the Na-  
15 tional Aeronautics and Space Administration Au-  
16 thorization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C. 18354(a)).

17 (9) NASA.—The term “NASA” means the Na-  
18 tional Aeronautics and Space Administration.

19 (10) ORION.—The term “Orion” means the  
20 multipurpose crew vehicle described in section 303 of  
21 the National Aeronautics and Space Administration  
22 Authorization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C. 18323).

23 (11) OSTP.—The term “OSTP” means the Of-  
24 fice of Science and Technology Policy.

1           (12) SPACE LAUNCH SYSTEM.—The term  
2           “Space Launch System” means the Space Launch  
3           System authorized under section 302 of the National  
4           Aeronautics and Space Administration Act of 2010  
5           (42 U.S.C. 18322).

6           **PART I—AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS**

7           **SEC. 613. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

8           There are authorized to be appropriated to the Ad-  
9           ministration for fiscal year 2021 \$23,495,000,000 as fol-  
10          lows:

- 11           (1) For Exploration, \$6,706,400,000.  
12           (2) For Space Operations, \$3,988,200,000.  
13           (3) For Science, \$7,274,700,000.  
14           (4) For Aeronautics, \$828,700,000.  
15           (5) For Space Technology, \$1,206,000,000.  
16           (6) For Science, Technology, Engineering, and  
17          Mathematics Engagement, \$120,000,000.  
18           (7) For Safety, Security, and Mission Services,  
19          \$2,936,500,000.  
20           (8) For Construction and Environmental Com-  
21          pliance and Restoration, \$390,300,000.  
22           (9) For Inspector General, \$44,200,000.

1                   **PART II—HUMAN SPACEFLIGHT AND**  
2                                   **EXPLORATION**  
3 **SEC. 614. COMPETITIVENESS WITHIN THE HUMAN LANDING**  
4                                   **SYSTEM PROGRAM.**

5           (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-  
6 gress that—

7                   (1) advances in space technology and space ex-  
8 ploration capabilities ensure the long-term techno-  
9 logical preeminence, economic competitiveness,  
10 STEM workforce development, and national security  
11 of the United States;

12                   (2) the development of technologies that enable  
13 human exploration of the lunar surface and other ce-  
14 lestial bodies is critical to the space industrial base  
15 of the United States;

16                   (3) commercial entities in the United States  
17 have made significant investment and progress to-  
18 ward the development of human-class lunar landers;

19                   (4) NASA developed the Artemis program—

20                           (A) to fulfill the goal of landing United  
21 States astronauts, including the first woman  
22 and the next man, on the Moon; and

23                           (B) to collaborate with commercial and  
24 international partners to establish sustainable  
25 lunar exploration by 2028;

1           (5) in carrying out the Artemis program, the  
2 Administrator should ensure that the entire Artemis  
3 program is inclusive and representative of all people  
4 of the United States, including women and minori-  
5 ties; and

6           (6) maintaining multiple technically-credible  
7 providers within NASA commercial programs is a  
8 best practice that reduces programmatic risk.

9           (b) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—It shall be the policy  
10 of the United States—

11           (1) to bolster the domestic space technology in-  
12 dustrial base, using existing tools and authorities,  
13 particularly in areas central to competition between  
14 the United States and the People’s Republic of  
15 China; and

16           (2) to mitigate threats and minimize challenges  
17 to the superiority of the United States in space tech-  
18 nology, including lunar infrastructure and lander ca-  
19 pabilities.

20           (c) HUMAN LANDING SYSTEM PROGRAM.—

21           (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after  
22 the date of the enactment of this Act, the Adminis-  
23 trator shall maintain competitiveness within the  
24 human landing system program by funding design,

1 development, testing, and evaluation for not fewer  
2 than 2 entities.

3 (2) REQUIREMENTS.—In carrying out the  
4 human landing system program referred to in para-  
5 graph (1), the Administrator shall, to the extent  
6 practicable—

7 (A) encourage reusability and sustain-  
8 ability of systems developed;

9 (B) offer existing capabilities and assets of  
10 NASA centers to support such partnerships;  
11 and

12 (C) seek to foster a robust and diverse  
13 space technology industrial base.

14 (3) BRIEFING.—Not later than 60 days after  
15 the date of the enactment of this Act, the Adminis-  
16 trator shall provide to the appropriate committees of  
17 Congress a briefing on the implementation of para-  
18 graph (1).

19 (4) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—In  
20 addition to amounts otherwise appropriated for the  
21 Artemis program, for fiscal years 2021 through  
22 2026, there is authorized to be appropriated not less  
23 than \$10,032,000,000 to NASA to carry out the  
24 human landing system program.



1 (d) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DE-  
2 FINED.—In this section, the term “appropriate commit-  
3 tees of Congress” means—

4 (1) the Committee on Commerce, Science, and  
5 Transportation and the Committee on Appropria-  
6 tions of the Senate; and

7 (2) the Committee on Science, Space, and  
8 Technology and the Committee on Appropriations of  
9 the House of Representatives.

10 **SEC. 615. SPACE LAUNCH SYSTEM CONFIGURATIONS.**

11 (a) MOBILE LAUNCH PLATFORM.—The Adminis-  
12 trator is authorized to maintain 2 operational mobile  
13 launch platforms to enable the launch of multiple configu-  
14 rations of the Space Launch System.

15 (b) EXPLORATION UPPER STAGE.—To meet the ca-  
16 pability requirements under section 302(c)(2) of the Na-  
17 tional Aeronautics and Space Administration Authoriza-  
18 tion Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C. 18322(c)(2)), the Adminis-  
19 trator shall continue development of the Exploration  
20 Upper Stage for the Space Launch System with a sched-  
21 uled availability sufficient for use on the third launch of  
22 the Space Launch System.

23 (c) BRIEFING.—Not later than 90 days after the date  
24 of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall brief  
25 the appropriate committees of Congress on the develop-

1 ment and scheduled availability of the Exploration Upper  
2 Stage for the third launch of the Space Launch System.

3 (d) MAIN PROPULSION TEST ARTICLE.—To meet the  
4 requirements under section 302(c)(3) of the National Aer-  
5 onautics and Space Administration Authorization Act of  
6 2010 (42 U.S.C. 18322(c)(3)), the Administrator shall—

7 (1) immediately on completion of the first full-  
8 duration integrated core stage test of the Space  
9 Launch System, initiate development of a main pro-  
10 pulsion test article for the integrated core stage pro-  
11 pulsion elements of the Space Launch System, con-  
12 sistent with cost and schedule constraints, particu-  
13 larly for long-lead propulsion hardware needed for  
14 flight;

15 (2) not later than 180 days after the date of  
16 the enactment of this Act, submit to the appropriate  
17 committees of Congress a detailed plan for the devel-  
18 opment and operation of such main propulsion test  
19 article; and

20 (3) use existing capabilities of NASA centers  
21 for the design, manufacture, and operation of the  
22 main propulsion test article.

23 **SEC. 616. ADVANCED SPACESUITS.**

24 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-  
25 gress that next-generation advanced spacesuits are a crit-

1 ical technology for human space exploration and use of  
2 low-Earth orbit, cislunar space, the surface of the Moon,  
3 and Mars.

4 (b) DEVELOPMENT PLAN.—The Administrator shall  
5 establish a detailed plan for the development and manu-  
6 facture of advanced spacesuits, consistent with the deep  
7 space exploration goals and timetables of NASA.

8 (c) DIVERSE ASTRONAUT CORPS.—The Adminis-  
9 trator shall ensure that spacesuits developed and manufac-  
10 tured after the date of the enactment of this Act are capa-  
11 ble of accommodating a wide range of sizes of astronauts  
12 so as to meet the needs of the diverse NASA astronaut  
13 corps.

14 (d) ISS USE.—Throughout the operational life of the  
15 ISS, the Administrator should fully use the ISS for testing  
16 advanced spacesuits.

17 (e) PRIOR INVESTMENTS.—

18 (1) IN GENERAL.—In developing an advanced  
19 spacesuit, the Administrator shall, to the maximum  
20 extent practicable, partner with industry-proven  
21 spacesuit design, development, and manufacturing  
22 suppliers and leverage prior and existing investments  
23 in advanced spacesuit technologies and existing ca-  
24 pabilities at NASA centers to maximize the benefits  
25 of such investments and technologies.

1           (2) AGREEMENTS WITH PRIVATE ENTITIES.—In  
2 carrying out this subsection, the Administrator may  
3 enter into 1 or more agreements with 1 or more pri-  
4 vate entities for the manufacture of advanced  
5 spacesuits, as the Administrator considers appro-  
6 priate.

7           (f) BRIEFING.—Not later than 180 days after the  
8 date of the enactment of this Act, and semiannually there-  
9 after until NASA procures advanced spacesuits under this  
10 section, the Administrator shall brief the appropriate com-  
11 mittees of Congress on the development plan in subsection  
12 (b).

13 **SEC. 617. ACQUISITION OF DOMESTIC SPACE TRANSPOR-**  
14 **TATION AND LOGISTICS RESUPPLY SERV-**  
15 **ICES.**

16           (a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection  
17 (b), the Administrator shall not enter into any contract  
18 with a person or entity that proposes to use, or will use,  
19 a foreign launch provider for a commercial service to pro-  
20 vide space transportation or logistics resupply for—

21           (1) the ISS; or

22           (2) any Government-owned or Government-  
23 funded platform in Earth orbit or cislunar space, on  
24 the lunar surface, or elsewhere in space.

1 (b) EXCEPTION.—The Administrator may enter into  
2 a contract with a person or an entity that proposes to use,  
3 or will use, a foreign launch provider for a commercial  
4 service to carry out an activity described in subsection (a)  
5 if—

6 (1) a domestic vehicle or service is unavailable;

7 or

8 (2) the launch vehicle or service is a contribu-  
9 tion by a partner to an international no-exchange-of-  
10 funds collaborative effort.

11 (c) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this sec-  
12 tion shall be construed to prohibit the Administrator from  
13 entering into 1 or more no-exchange-of-funds collaborative  
14 agreements with an international partner in support of the  
15 deep space exploration plan of NASA.

16 **SEC. 618. ROCKET ENGINE TEST INFRASTRUCTURE.**

17 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall continue  
18 to carry out a program to modernize rocket propulsion test  
19 infrastructure at NASA facilities—

20 (1) to increase capabilities;

21 (2) to enhance safety;

22 (3) to support propulsion development and test-  
23 ing; and

1           (4) to foster the improvement of Government  
2           and commercial space transportation and explo-  
3           ration.

4           (b) PROJECTS.—Projects funded under the program  
5           described in subsection (a) may include—

6           (1) infrastructure and other facilities and sys-  
7           tems relating to rocket propulsion test stands and  
8           rocket propulsion testing;

9           (2) enhancements to test facility capacity and  
10          flexibility; and

11          (3) such other projects as the Administrator  
12          considers appropriate to meet the goals described in  
13          that subsection.

14          (c) REQUIREMENTS.—In carrying out the program  
15          under subsection (a), the Administrator shall—

16          (1) prioritize investments in projects that en-  
17          hance test and flight certification capabilities for  
18          large thrust-level atmospheric and altitude engines  
19          and engine systems, and multi-engine integrated test  
20          capabilities;

21          (2) continue to make underutilized test facilities  
22          available for commercial use on a reimbursable  
23          basis; and

24          (3) ensure that no project carried out under  
25          this program adversely impacts, delays, or defers

1 testing or other activities associated with facilities  
2 used for Government programs, including—

3 (A) the Space Launch System and the Ex-  
4 ploration Upper Stage of the Space Launch  
5 System;

6 (B) in-space propulsion to support explo-  
7 ration missions; or

8 (C) nuclear propulsion testing.

9 (d) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this sec-  
10 tion shall preclude a NASA program, including the Space  
11 Launch System and the Exploration Upper Stage of the  
12 Space Launch System, from using the modernized test in-  
13 frastructure developed under this section.

14 (e) WORKING CAPITAL FUND STUDY.—

15 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days  
16 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Ad-  
17 ministrator shall submit to the appropriate commit-  
18 tees of Congress a report on the use of the authority  
19 under section 30102 of title 51, United States Code,  
20 to promote increased use of NASA rocket propulsion  
21 test infrastructure for research, development, test-  
22 ing, and evaluation activities by other Federal agen-  
23 cies, firms, associations, corporations, and edu-  
24 cational institutions.

1           (2) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—The report  
2           required by paragraph (1) shall include the fol-  
3           lowing:

4                   (A) An assessment of prior use, if any, of  
5                   the authority under section 30102 of title 51,  
6                   United States Code, to improve testing infra-  
7                   structure.

8                   (B) An analysis of any barrier to imple-  
9                   mentation of such authority for the purpose of  
10                  promoting increased use of NASA rocket pro-  
11                  pulsion test infrastructure.

12 **SEC. 619. INDIAN RIVER BRIDGE.**

13           (a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator, in coordina-  
14           tion with the heads of other Federal agencies that use the  
15           Indian River Bridge on the NASA Causeway, shall develop  
16           a plan to ensure that a bridge over the Indian River at  
17           such location provides access to the Eastern Range for na-  
18           tional security, civil, and commercial space operations.

19           (b) FEE OR TOLL DISCOURAGED.—The plan shall  
20           strongly discourage the imposition of a user fee or toll on  
21           a bridge over the Indian River at such location.

22 **SEC. 620. PEARL RIVER MAINTENANCE.**

23           (a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall coordi-  
24           nate with the Chief of the Army Corps of Engineers to  
25           ensure the continued navigability of the Pearl River and



1 Little Lake channels sufficient to support NASA barge op-  
2 erations surrounding Stennis Space Center and the  
3 Michoud Assembly Facility.

4 (b) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 180 days  
5 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Adminis-  
6 trator shall submit to the appropriate committees of Con-  
7 gress a report on efforts under subsection (a).

8 (c) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DE-  
9 FINED.—In this section, the term “appropriate commit-  
10 tees of Congress” means—

11 (1) the Committee on Commerce, Science, and  
12 Transportation, the Committee on Environment and  
13 Public Works, and the Committee on Appropriations  
14 of the Senate; and

15 (2) the Committee on Science, Space, and  
16 Technology, the Committee on Transportation and  
17 Infrastructure, and the Committee on Appropria-  
18 tions of the House of Representatives.

19 **SEC. 621. VALUE OF INTERNATIONAL SPACE STATION AND**  
20 **CAPABILITIES IN LOW-EARTH ORBIT.**

21 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-  
22 gress that—

23 (1) it is in the national and economic security  
24 interests of the United States to maintain a contin-  
25 uous human presence in low-Earth orbit;

1           (2) low-Earth orbit should be used as a test bed  
2           to advance human space exploration and scientific  
3           discoveries; and

4           (3) the ISS is a critical component of economic,  
5           commercial, and industrial development in low-Earth  
6           orbit.

7           (b) HUMAN PRESENCE REQUIREMENT.—The United  
8           States shall continuously maintain the capability for a  
9           continuous human presence in low-Earth orbit through  
10          and beyond the useful life of the ISS.

11       **SEC. 622. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION RELATING TO**  
12                               **INTERNATIONAL SPACE STATION.**

13          (a) POLICY.—Section 501(a) of the National Aero-  
14          nautics and Space Administration Authorization Act of  
15          2010 (42 U.S.C. 18351(a)) is amended by striking  
16          “2024” and inserting “2030”.

17          (b) MAINTENANCE OF UNITED STATES SEGMENT  
18          AND ASSURANCE OF CONTINUED OPERATIONS.—Section  
19          503(a) of the National Aeronautics and Space Administra-  
20          tion Authorization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C. 18353(a)) is  
21          amended by striking “September 30, 2024” and inserting  
22          “September 30, 2030”.

23          (c) RESEARCH CAPACITY ALLOCATION AND INTE-  
24          GRATION OF RESEARCH PAYLOADS.—Section 504(d) of  
25          the National Aeronautics and Space Administration Au-

1 thORIZATION Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C. 18354(d)) is amend-  
2 ed—

3 (1) in paragraph (1), in the first sentence—

4 (A) by striking “As soon as practicable”  
5 and all that follows through “2011,” and in-  
6 serting “The”; and

7 (B) by striking “September 30, 2024” and  
8 inserting “September 30, 2030”; and

9 (2) in paragraph (2), in the third sentence, by  
10 striking “September 30, 2024” and inserting “Sep-  
11 tember 30, 2030”.

12 (d) MAINTENANCE OF USE.—Section 70907 of title  
13 51, United States Code, is amended—

14 (1) in the section heading, by striking “**2024**”  
15 and inserting “**2030**”;

16 (2) in subsection (a), by striking “September  
17 30, 2024” and inserting “September 30, 2030”; and

18 (3) in subsection (b)(3), by striking “September  
19 30, 2024” and inserting “September 30, 2030”.

20 (e) TRANSITION PLAN REPORTS.—Section  
21 50111(c)(2) of title 51, United States Code is amended—

22 (1) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A),  
23 by striking “2023” and inserting “2028”; and

24 (2) in subparagraph (J), by striking “2028”  
25 and inserting “2030”.

1 (f) ELIMINATION OF INTERNATIONAL SPACE STA-  
2 TION NATIONAL LABORATORY ADVISORY COMMITTEE.—  
3 Section 70906 of title 51, United States Code, is repealed.

4 (g) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Chapter 709 of  
5 title 51, United States Code, is amended—

6 (1) by redesignating section 70907 as section  
7 70906; and

8 (2) in the table of sections for the chapter, by  
9 striking the items relating to sections 70906 and  
10 70907 and inserting the following:

“70906. Maintaining use through at least 2030.”.

11 **SEC. 623. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE ACTIVITIES ON**  
12 **INTERNATIONAL SPACE STATION.**

13 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the  
14 date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense  
15 shall—

16 (1) identify and review each activity, program,  
17 and project of the Department of Defense com-  
18 pleted, being carried out, or planned to be carried  
19 out on the ISS as of the date of the review; and

20 (2) provide to the appropriate committees of  
21 Congress a briefing that describes the results of the  
22 review.

23 (b) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DE-  
24 FINED.—In this section, the term “appropriate commit-  
25 tees of Congress” means—

1           (1) the Committee on Armed Services, the  
2           Committee on Appropriations, and the Committee on  
3           Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Sen-  
4           ate; and

5           (2) the Committee on Armed Services, the  
6           Committee on Appropriations, and the Committee on  
7           Science, Space, and Technology of the House of  
8           Representatives.

9   **SEC. 624. COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT IN LOW-EARTH**  
10                                   **ORBIT.**

11           (a) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—It is the policy of the  
12           United States to encourage the development of a thriving  
13           and robust United States commercial sector in low-Earth  
14           orbit.

15           (b) PREFERENCE FOR UNITED STATES COMMERCIAL  
16           PRODUCTS AND SERVICES.—The Administrator shall con-  
17           tinue to increase the use of assets, products, and services  
18           of private entities in the United States to fulfill the low-  
19           Earth orbit requirements of the Administration.

20           (c) NONCOMPETITION.—

21           (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-  
22           graph (2), the Administrator may not offer to a for-  
23           eign person or a foreign government a spaceflight  
24           product or service relating to the ISS, if a com-

1       parable spaceflight product or service, as applicable,  
2       is offered by a private entity in the United States.

3           (2) EXCEPTION.—The Administrator may offer  
4       a spaceflight product or service relating to the ISS  
5       to the government of a country that is a signatory  
6       to the Agreement Among the Government of Can-  
7       ada, Governments of Member States of the Euro-  
8       pean Space Agency, the Government of Japan, the  
9       Government of the Russian Federation, and the  
10      Government of the United States of America Con-  
11      cerning Cooperation on the Civil International Space  
12      Station, signed at Washington January 29, 1998,  
13      and entered into force on March 27, 2001 (TIAS  
14      12927), including an international partner astronaut  
15      (as defined in section 50902 of title 51, United  
16      States Code) that is sponsored by the government of  
17      such a country.

18      (d) SHORT-DURATION COMMERCIAL MISSIONS.—To  
19      provide opportunities for additional transport of astro-  
20      nauts to the ISS and help establish a commercial market  
21      in low-Earth orbit, the Administrator may permit short-  
22      duration missions to the ISS for commercial passengers  
23      on a fully or partially reimbursable basis.

24      (e) PROGRAM AUTHORIZATION.—

1           (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Administrator shall  
2           establish a low-Earth orbit commercial development  
3           program to encourage the fullest commercial use and  
4           development of space by private entities in the  
5           United States.

6           (2) ELEMENTS.—The program established  
7           under paragraph (1) shall, to the maximum extent  
8           practicable, include activities—

9                   (A) to stimulate demand for—

10                           (i) space-based commercial research,  
11                           development, and manufacturing;

12                           (ii) spaceflight products and services;

13                           and

14                           (iii) human spaceflight products and  
15                           services in low-Earth orbit;

16                   (B) to improve the capability of the ISS to  
17                   accommodate commercial users; and

18                   (C) subject to paragraph (3), to foster the  
19                   development of commercial space stations and  
20                   habitats.

21           (3) COMMERCIAL SPACE STATIONS AND HABI-  
22           TATS.—

23                   (A) PRIORITY.—With respect to an activity  
24                   to develop a commercial space station or habi-  
25                   tat, the Administrator shall give priority to an

1 activity for which a private entity provides a  
2 significant share of the cost to develop and op-  
3 erate the activity.

4 (B) REPORT.—Not later than 30 days  
5 after the date that an award or agreement is  
6 made to carry out an activity to develop a com-  
7 mercial space station or habitat, the Adminis-  
8 trator shall submit to the appropriate commit-  
9 tees of Congress a report on the development of  
10 the commercial space station or habitat, as ap-  
11 plicable, that includes—

12 (i) a business plan that describes the  
13 manner in which the project will—

14 (I) meet the future requirements  
15 of NASA for low-Earth orbit human  
16 space-flight services; and

17 (II) fulfill the cost-share funding  
18 prioritization under subparagraph (A);  
19 and

20 (ii) a review of the viability of the  
21 operational business case, including—

22 (I) the level of expected Govern-  
23 ment participation;

24 (II) a list of anticipated non-  
25 governmental an international cus-



1                   tomers and associated contributions;  
2                   and

3                   (III) an assessment of long-term  
4                   sustainability for the nongovernmental  
5                   customers, including an independent  
6                   assessment of the viability of the mar-  
7                   ket for such commercial services or  
8                   products.

9 **SEC. 625. MAINTAINING A NATIONAL LABORATORY IN**  
10 **SPACE.**

11       (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-  
12 gress that—

13           (1) the United States segment of the Inter-  
14       national Space Station (as defined in section 70905  
15       of title 51, United States Code), which is designated  
16       as a national laboratory under section 70905(b) of  
17       title 51, United States Code—

18                   (A) benefits the scientific community and  
19       promotes commerce in space;

20                   (B) fosters stronger relationships among  
21       NASA and other Federal agencies, the private  
22       sector, and research groups and universities;

23                   (C) advances science, technology, engineer-  
24       ing, and mathematics education through use of  
25       the unique microgravity environment; and

1 (D) advances human knowledge and inter-  
2 national cooperation;

3 (2) after the ISS is decommissioned, the United  
4 States should maintain a national microgravity lab-  
5 oratory in space;

6 (3) in maintaining a national microgravity lab-  
7 oratory in space, the United States should make ap-  
8 propriate accommodations for different types of own-  
9 ership and operation arrangements for the ISS and  
10 future space stations;

11 (4) to the maximum extent practicable, a na-  
12 tional microgravity laboratory in space should be  
13 maintained in cooperation with international space  
14 partners; and

15 (5) NASA should continue to support funda-  
16 mental science research on future platforms in low-  
17 Earth orbit and cislunar space, orbital and sub-  
18 orbital flights, drop towers, and other microgravity  
19 testing environments.

20 (b) REPORT.—The Administrator, in coordination  
21 with the National Space Council and other Federal agen-  
22 cies as the Administrator considers appropriate, shall  
23 issue a report detailing the feasibility of establishing a  
24 microgravity national laboratory federally funded research

1 and development center to carry out activities relating to  
2 the study and use of in-space conditions.

3 **SEC. 626. INTERNATIONAL SPACE STATION NATIONAL LAB-**  
4 **ORATORY; PROPERTY RIGHTS IN INVEN-**  
5 **TIONS.**

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter III of chapter 201 of  
7 title 51, United States Code, is amended by adding at the  
8 end the following:

9 **“§ 20150. Property rights in designated inventions**

10 “(a) EXCLUSIVE PROPERTY RIGHTS.—Notwith-  
11 standing section 3710a of title 15, chapter 18 of title 35,  
12 section 20135, or any other provision of law, a designated  
13 invention shall be the exclusive property of a user, and  
14 shall not be subject to a Government-purpose license, if—

15 “(1)(A) the Administration is reimbursed under  
16 the terms of the contract for the full cost of a con-  
17 tribution by the Federal Government of the use of  
18 Federal facilities, equipment, materials, proprietary  
19 information of the Federal Government, or services  
20 of a Federal employee during working hours, includ-  
21 ing the cost for the Administration to carry out its  
22 responsibilities under paragraphs (1) and (4) of sec-  
23 tion 504(d) of the National Aeronautics and Space  
24 Administration Authorization Act of 2010 (42  
25 U.S.C. 18354(d));

1           “(B) Federal funds are not transferred to the  
2           user under the contract; and

3           “(C) the designated invention was made (as de-  
4           fined in section 20135(a))—

5                   “(i) solely by the user; or

6                   “(ii)(I) by the user with the services of a  
7           Federal employee under the terms of the con-  
8           tract; and

9                   “(II) the Administration is reimbursed for  
10          such services under subparagraph (B); or

11          “(2) the Administrator determines that the rel-  
12          evant field of commercial endeavor is sufficiently im-  
13          mature that granting exclusive property rights to the  
14          user is necessary to help bolster demand for prod-  
15          ucts and services produced on crewed or crew-tended  
16          space stations.

17          “(b) NOTIFICATION TO CONGRESS.—On completion  
18          of a determination made under paragraph (2), the Admin-  
19          istrator shall submit to the appropriate committees of  
20          Congress a notification of the determination that includes  
21          a written justification.

22          “(c) PUBLIC AVAILABILITY.—A determination or  
23          part of such determination under paragraph (1) shall be  
24          made available to the public on request, as required under

1 section 552 of title 5, United States Code (commonly re-  
2 ferred to as the ‘Freedom of Information Act’).

3 “(d) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this sec-  
4 tion may be construed to affect the rights of the Federal  
5 Government, including property rights in inventions,  
6 under any contract, except in the case of a written con-  
7 tract with the Administration or the ISS management en-  
8 tity for the performance of a designated activity.

9 “(e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—

10 “(1) CONTRACT.—The term ‘contract’ has the  
11 meaning giving the term in section 20135(a).

12 “(2) DESIGNATED ACTIVITY.—The term ‘des-  
13 ignated activity’ means any non-NASA scientific use  
14 of the ISS national laboratory as described in sec-  
15 tion 504 of the National Aeronautics and Space Ad-  
16 ministration Authorization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C.  
17 18354).

18 “(3) DESIGNATED INVENTION.—The term ‘des-  
19 ignated invention’ means any invention, product, or  
20 service conceived or first reduced to practice by any  
21 person in the performance of a designated activity  
22 under a written contract with the Administration or  
23 the ISS management entity.

24 “(4) FULL COST.—The term ‘full cost’ means  
25 the cost of transporting materials or passengers to

1 and from the ISS, including any power needs, the  
2 disposal of mass, crew member time, stowage, power  
3 on the ISS, data downlink, crew consumables, and  
4 life support.

5 “(5) GOVERNMENT-PURPOSE LICENSE.—The  
6 term ‘Government-purpose license’ means the res-  
7 ervation by the Federal Government of an irrev-  
8 ocable, nonexclusive, nontransferable, royalty-free li-  
9 cense for the use of an invention throughout the  
10 world by or on behalf of the United States or any  
11 foreign government pursuant to a treaty or agree-  
12 ment with the United States.

13 “(6) ISS MANAGEMENT ENTITY.—The term  
14 ‘ISS management entity’ means the organization  
15 with which the Administrator enters into a coopera-  
16 tive agreement under section 504(a) of the National  
17 Aeronautics and Space Administration Authorization  
18 Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C. 18354(a)).

19 “(7) USER.—The term ‘user’ means a person,  
20 including a nonprofit organization or small business  
21 firm (as such terms are defined in section 201 of  
22 title 35), or class of persons that enters into a writ-  
23 ten contract with the Administration or the ISS  
24 management entity for the performance of des-  
25 igned activities.”.

1 (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The table of sec-  
2 tions for chapter 201 of title 51, United States Code, is  
3 amended by inserting after the item relating to section  
4 20149 the following:

“20150. Property rights in designated inventions.”.

5 **SEC. 627. DATA FIRST PRODUCED DURING NON-NASA SCI-**  
6 **ENTIFIC USE OF THE ISS NATIONAL LABORA-**  
7 **TORY.**

8 (a) DATA RIGHTS.—Subchapter III of chapter 201  
9 of title 51, United States Code, as amended by section  
10 626, is further amended by adding at the end the fol-  
11 lowing:

12 **“§ 20151. Data rights**

13 “(a) NON-NASA SCIENTIFIC USE OF THE ISS NA-  
14 TIONAL LABORATORY.—The Federal Government may not  
15 use or reproduce, or disclose outside of the Government,  
16 any data first produced in the performance of a designated  
17 activity under a written contract with the Administration  
18 or the ISS management entity, unless—

19 “(1) otherwise agreed under the terms of the  
20 contract with the Administration or the ISS man-  
21 agement entity, as applicable;

22 “(2) the designated activity is carried out with  
23 Federal funds;

24 “(3) disclosure is required by law;

1           “(4) the Federal Government has rights in the  
2 data under another Federal contract, grant, coopera-  
3 tive agreement, or other transaction; or

4           “(5) the data is—

5               “(A) otherwise lawfully acquired or inde-  
6 pendently developed by the Federal Govern-  
7 ment;

8               “(B) related to the health and safety of  
9 personnel on the ISS; or

10              “(C) essential to the performance of work  
11 by the ISS management entity or NASA per-  
12 sonnel.

13           “(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

14              “(1) CONTRACT.—The term ‘contract’ has the  
15 meaning given the term under section 20135(a).

16              “(2) DATA.—

17                   “(A) IN GENERAL.—The term ‘data’  
18 means recorded information, regardless of form  
19 or the media on which it may be recorded.

20                   “(B) INCLUSIONS.—The term ‘data’ in-  
21 cludes technical data and computer software.

22                   “(C) EXCLUSIONS.—The term ‘data’ does  
23 not include information incidental to contract  
24 administration, such as financial, administra-





1 Federal party participating in such an  
2 agreement.

3 “(B) CERTAIN DATA.—Information re-  
4 ferred to in paragraph (1) includes data (as de-  
5 fined in section 20151) that—

6 “(i) was first produced by the Admin-  
7 istration in the performance of any des-  
8 igned activity (as defined in section  
9 20150); and

10 “(ii) would be a trade secret or com-  
11 mercial or financial information that is  
12 privileged or confidential within the mean-  
13 ing of section 552(b)(4) of title 5 if the  
14 data had been obtained from a non-Fed-  
15 eral party.”.

16 (c) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The table of sec-  
17 tions for chapter 201 of title 51, United States Code, as  
18 amended by section 626, is further amended by inserting  
19 after the item relating to section 20150 the following:

“20151. Data rights.”.

20 **SEC. 628. PAYMENTS RECEIVED FOR COMMERCIAL SPACE-**  
21 **ENABLED PRODUCTION ON THE ISS.**

22 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-  
23 gress that—

24 (1) the Administrator should determine a  
25 threshold for NASA to recover the costs of sup-

1 porting the commercial development of products or  
2 services aboard the ISS, through the negotiation of  
3 agreements, similar to agreements made by other  
4 Federal agencies that support private sector innova-  
5 tion; and

6 (2) the amount of such costs that to be recov-  
7 ered or profits collected through such agreements  
8 should be applied by the Administrator through a  
9 tiered process, taking into consideration the relative  
10 maturity and profitability of the applicable product  
11 or service.

12 (b) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter III of chapter 201 of  
13 title 51, United States Code, as amended by section 627,  
14 is further amended by adding at the end the following:

15 **“§ 20152. Payments received for commercial space-en-  
16 able production**

17 **“(a) ANNUAL REVIEW.—**

18 **“(1) IN GENERAL.—**Not later than one year  
19 after the date of the enactment of this section, and  
20 annually thereafter, the Administrator shall review  
21 the profitability of any partnership with a private  
22 entity under a contract in which the Adminis-  
23 trator—

1           “(A) permits the use of the ISS by such  
2 private entities to produce a commercial prod-  
3 uct or service; and

4           “(B) provides the total unreimbursed cost  
5 of a contribution by the Federal Government  
6 for the use of Federal facilities, equipment, ma-  
7 terials, proprietary information of the Federal  
8 Government, or services of a Federal employee  
9 during working hours, including the cost for the  
10 Administration to carry out its responsibilities  
11 under paragraphs (1) and (4) of section 504(d)  
12 of the National Aeronautics and Space Admin-  
13 istration Authorization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C.  
14 18354(d)).

15           “(2) NEGOTIATION OF REIMBURSEMENTS.—  
16 Subject to the review described in paragraph (1), the  
17 Administrator shall seek to enter into an agreement  
18 to negotiate reimbursements for payments received,  
19 or portions of profits created, by any mature, profit-  
20 able private entity described in that paragraph, as  
21 appropriate, through a tiered process that reflects  
22 the profitability of the relevant product or service.

23           “(3) USE OF FUNDS.—Amounts received by the  
24 Administrator in accordance with an agreement

1 under paragraph (2) shall be used by the Adminis-  
2 trator in the following order of priority:

3 “(A) To defray the operating cost of the  
4 ISS.

5 “(B) To develop, implement, or operate fu-  
6 ture low-Earth orbit platforms or capabilities.

7 “(C) To develop, implement, or operate fu-  
8 ture human deep space platforms or capabili-  
9 ties.

10 “(D) Any other costs the Administrator  
11 considers appropriate.

12 “(4) REPORT.—On completion of the first an-  
13 nual review under paragraph (1), and annually  
14 thereafter, the Administrator shall submit to the ap-  
15 propriate committees of Congress a report that in-  
16 cludes a description of the results of the annual re-  
17 view, any agreement entered into under this section,  
18 and the amounts recouped or obtained under any  
19 such agreement.

20 “(b) LICENSING AND ASSIGNMENT OF INVEN-  
21 TIONS.—Notwithstanding sections 3710a and 3710c of  
22 title 15 and any other provision of law, after payment in  
23 accordance with subsection (A)(i) of such section  
24 3710c(a)(1)(A)(i) to the inventors who have directly as-  
25 signed to the Federal Government their interests in an in-

1 vention under a written contract with the Administration  
2 or the ISS management entity for the performance of a  
3 designated activity, the balance of any royalty or other  
4 payment received by the Administrator or the ISS man-  
5 agement entity from licensing and assignment of such in-  
6 vention shall be paid by the Administrator or the ISS  
7 management entity, as applicable, to the Space Explo-  
8 ration Fund.

9 “(c) SPACE EXPLORATION FUND.—

10 “(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in  
11 the Treasury of the United States a fund, to be  
12 known as the ‘Space Exploration Fund’ (referred to  
13 in this subsection as the ‘Fund’), to be administered  
14 by the Administrator.

15 “(2) USE OF FUND.—The Fund shall be avail-  
16 able to carry out activities described in subsection  
17 (a)(3).

18 “(3) DEPOSITS.—There shall be deposited in  
19 the Fund—

20 “(A) amounts appropriated to the Fund;

21 “(B) fees and royalties collected by the Ad-  
22 ministrator or the ISS management entity  
23 under subsections (a) and (b); and

24 “(C) donations or contributions designated  
25 to support authorized activities.

1           “(4) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Amounts avail-  
2           able to the Administrator under this subsection shall  
3           be—

4                   “(A) in addition to amounts otherwise  
5           made available for the purpose described in  
6           paragraph (2); and

7                   “(B) available for a period of 5 years, to  
8           the extent and in the amounts provided in an-  
9           nual appropriation Acts.

10          “(d) DEFINITIONS.—

11                   “(1) IN GENERAL.—In this section, any term  
12           used in this section that is also used in section  
13           20150 shall have the meaning given the term in that  
14           section.

15                   “(2) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CON-  
16           GRESS.—The term ‘appropriate committees of Con-  
17           gress’ means—

18                           “(A) the Committee on Commerce,  
19           Science, and Transportation and the Committee  
20           on Appropriations of the Senate; and

21                           “(B) the Committee on Science, Space,  
22           and Technology and the Committee on Appro-  
23           priations of the House of Representatives.”.

24          “(e) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The table of sec-  
25          tions for chapter 201 of title 51, United States Code, as

1 amended by section and 626, is further amended by insert-  
2 ing after the item relating to section 20151 the following:

“20152. Payments received for commercial space-enabled production.”.

3 **SEC. 629. STEPPING STONE APPROACH TO EXPLORATION.**

4 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 70504 of title 51, United  
5 States Code, is amended to read as follows:

6 **“§ 70504. Stepping stone approach to exploration**

7 “(a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator, in sustain-  
8 able steps, may conduct missions to intermediate destina-  
9 tions, such as the Moon, in accordance with section  
10 20302(b), and on a timetable determined by the avail-  
11 ability of funding, in order to achieve the objective of  
12 human exploration of Mars specified in section 202(b)(5)  
13 of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration Au-  
14 thorization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C. 18312(b)(5)), if the  
15 Administrator—

16 “(1) determines that each such mission dem-  
17 onstrates or advances a technology or operational  
18 concept that will enable human missions to Mars;  
19 and

20 “(2) incorporates each such mission into the  
21 human exploration roadmap under section 432 of  
22 the National Aeronautics and Space Administration  
23 Transition Authorization Act of 2017 (Public Law  
24 115–10; 51 U.S.C. 20302 note).



1           “(b) CISLUNAR SPACE EXPLORATION ACTIVITIES.—

2 In conducting a mission under subsection (a), the Admin-  
3 istrator shall—

4           “(1) use a combination of launches of the Space  
5 Launch System and space transportation services  
6 from United States commercial providers, as appro-  
7 priate, for the mission;

8           “(2) plan for not fewer than 1 Space Launch  
9 System launch annually beginning after the first  
10 successful crewed launch of Orion on the Space  
11 Launch System; and

12           “(3) establish an outpost in orbit around the  
13 Moon that—

14           “(A) demonstrates technologies, systems,  
15 and operational concepts directly applicable to  
16 the space vehicle that will be used to transport  
17 humans to Mars;

18           “(B) has the capability for periodic human  
19 habitation; and

20           “(C) can function as a point of departure,  
21 return, or staging for Administration or non-  
22 governmental or international partner missions  
23 to multiple locations on the lunar surface or  
24 other destinations.

1           “(c) COST-EFFECTIVENESS.—To maximize the cost-  
2 effectiveness of the long-term space exploration and utili-  
3 zation activities of the United States, the Administrator  
4 shall take all necessary steps, including engaging non-  
5 governmental and international partners, to ensure that  
6 activities in the Administration’s human space exploration  
7 program are balanced in order to help meet the require-  
8 ments of future exploration and utilization activities lead-  
9 ing to human habitation on the surface of Mars.

10           “(d) COMPLETION.—Within budgetary consider-  
11 ations, once an exploration-related project enters its devel-  
12 opment phase, the Administrator shall seek, to the max-  
13 imum extent practicable, to complete that project without  
14 undue delay.

15           “(e) INTERNATIONAL PARTICIPATION.—To achieve  
16 the goal of successfully conducting a crewed mission to  
17 the surface of Mars, the Administrator shall invite the  
18 partners in the ISS program and other nations, as appro-  
19 priate, to participate in an international initiative under  
20 the leadership of the United States.”.

21           (b) DEFINITION OF CISLUNAR SPACE.—Section  
22 10101 of title 51, United States Code, is amended by add-  
23 ing at the end the following:

24                   “(3) CISLUNAR SPACE.—The term ‘cislunar  
25 space’ means the region of space beyond low-Earth

1 orbit out to and including the region around the sur-  
2 face of the Moon.”.

3 (c) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—

4 Section 3 of the National Aeronautics and Space Adminis-  
5 tration Authorization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C. 18302) is  
6 amended by striking paragraphs (2) and (3) and inserting  
7 the following:

8 “(2) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CON-  
9 GRESS.—The term ‘appropriate committees of Con-  
10 gress’ means—

11 “(A) the Committee on Commerce,  
12 Science, and Transportation of the Senate; and

13 “(B) the Committee on Science, Space,  
14 and Technology of the House of Representa-  
15 tives.

16 “(3) CISLUNAR SPACE.—The term ‘cislunar  
17 space’ means the region of space beyond low-Earth  
18 orbit out to and including the region around the sur-  
19 face of the Moon.”.

20 **SEC. 630. TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS RELATING TO**  
21 **ARTEMIS MISSIONS.**

22 (a) Section 421 of the National Aeronautics and  
23 Space Administration Authorization Act of 2017 (Public  
24 Law 115–10; 51 U.S.C. 20301 note) is amended—

25 (1) in subsection (c)(3)—

1 (A) by striking “EM-1” and inserting  
2 “Artemis I”;

3 (B) by striking “EM-2” and inserting  
4 “Artemis II”; and

5 (C) by striking “EM-3” and inserting  
6 “Artemis III”; and

7 (2) in subsection (f)(3), by striking “EM-3”  
8 and inserting “Artemis III”.

9 (b) Section 432(b) of the National Aeronautics and  
10 Space Administration Authorization Act of 2017 (Public  
11 Law 115-10; 51 U.S.C. 20302 note) is amended—

12 (1) in paragraph (3)(D)—

13 (A) by striking “EM-1” and inserting  
14 “Artemis I”; and

15 (B) by striking “EM-2” and inserting  
16 “Artemis II”; and

17 (2) in paragraph (4)(C), by striking “EM-3”  
18 and inserting “Artemis III”.

### 19 **PART III—SCIENCE**

#### 20 **SEC. 631. SCIENCE PRIORITIES.**

21 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS ON SCIENCE PORTFOLIO.—  
22 Congress reaffirms the sense of Congress that—

23 (1) a balanced and adequately funded set of ac-  
24 tivities, consisting of research and analysis grant  
25 programs, technology development, suborbital re-

1 search activities, and small, medium, and large space  
2 missions, contributes to a robust and productive  
3 science program and serves as a catalyst for innova-  
4 tion and discovery; and

5 (2) the Administrator should set science prior-  
6 ities by following the guidance provided by the sci-  
7 entific community through the decadal surveys of  
8 the National Academies of Sciences, Engineering,  
9 and Medicine.

10 (b) NATIONAL ACADEMIES DECADAL SURVEYS.—  
11 Section 20305(e) of title 51, United States Code, is  
12 amended—

13 (1) by striking “The Administrator shall” and  
14 inserting the following:

15 “(1) REEXAMINATION OF PRIORITIES BY NA-  
16 TIONAL ACADEMIES.—The Administrator shall”; and

17 (2) by adding at the end the following:

18 “(2) REEXAMINATION OF PRIORITIES BY AD-  
19 MINISTRATOR.—If the Administrator decides to reex-  
20 amine the applicability of the priorities of the  
21 decadal surveys to the missions and activities of the  
22 Administration due to scientific discoveries or exter-  
23 nal factors, the Administrator shall consult with the  
24 relevant committees of the National Academies.”.

1 **SEC. 632. LUNAR DISCOVERY PROGRAM.**

2 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator may carry out  
3 a program to conduct lunar science research, including  
4 missions to the surface of the Moon, that materially con-  
5 tributes to the objective described in section 20102(d)(1)  
6 of title 51, United States Code.

7 (b) COMMERCIAL LANDERS.—In carrying out the  
8 program under subsection (a), the Administrator shall  
9 procure the services of commercial landers developed pri-  
10 marily by United States industry to land science payloads  
11 of all classes on the lunar surface.

12 (c) LUNAR SCIENCE RESEARCH.—The Administrator  
13 shall ensure that lunar science research carried out under  
14 subsection (a) is consistent with recommendations made  
15 by the National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and  
16 Medicine.

17 (d) LUNAR POLAR VOLATILES.—In carrying out the  
18 program under subsection (a), the Administrator shall, at  
19 the earliest opportunity, consider mission proposals to  
20 evaluate the potential of lunar polar volatiles to contribute  
21 to sustainable lunar exploration.

22 **SEC. 633. SEARCH FOR LIFE.**

23 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-  
24 gress that—

25 (1) the report entitled “An Astrobiology Strat-  
26 egy for the Search for Life in the Universe” pub-

1 lished by the National Academies of Sciences, Engi-  
2 neering, and Medicine outlines the key scientific  
3 questions and methods for fulfilling the objective of  
4 NASA to search for the origin, evolution, distribu-  
5 tion, and future of life in the universe; and

6 (2) the interaction of lifeforms with their envi-  
7 ronment, a central focus of astrobiology research, is  
8 a topic of broad significance to life sciences research  
9 in space and on Earth.

10 (b) PROGRAM CONTINUATION.—

11 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall con-  
12 tinue to implement a collaborative, multidisciplinary  
13 science and technology development program to  
14 search for proof of the existence or historical exist-  
15 ence of life beyond Earth in support of the objective  
16 described in section 20102(d)(10) of title 51, United  
17 States Code.

18 (2) ELEMENT.—The program under paragraph  
19 (1) shall include activities relating to astronomy, bi-  
20 ology, geology, and planetary science.

21 (3) COORDINATION WITH LIFE SCIENCES PRO-  
22 GRAM.—In carrying out the program under para-  
23 graph (1), the Administrator shall coordinate efforts  
24 with the life sciences program of the Administration.

1           (4) TECHNOSIGNATURES.—In carrying out the  
2           program under paragraph (1), the Administrator  
3           shall support activities to search for and analyze  
4           technosignatures.

5           (5) INSTRUMENTATION AND SENSOR TECH-  
6           NOLOGY.—In carrying out the program under para-  
7           graph (1), the Administrator may strategically invest  
8           in the development of new instrumentation and sen-  
9           sor technology.

10 **SEC. 634. JAMES WEBB SPACE TELESCOPE.**

11           (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-  
12           gress that—

13           (1) the James Webb Space Telescope will be  
14           the next premier observatory in space and has great  
15           potential to further scientific study and assist sci-  
16           entists in making new discoveries in the field of as-  
17           tronomy;

18           (2) the James Webb Space Telescope was devel-  
19           oped as an ambitious project with a scope that was  
20           not fully defined at inception and with risk that was  
21           not fully known or understood;

22           (3) despite the major technology development  
23           and innovation that was needed to construct the  
24           James Webb Space Telescope, major negative im-  
25           pacts to the cost and schedule of the James Webb



1 Space Telescope resulted from poor program man-  
2 agement and poor contractor performance;

3 (4) the Administrator should take into account  
4 the lessons learned from the cost and schedule issues  
5 relating to the development of the James Webb  
6 Space Telescope in making decisions regarding the  
7 scope of and the technologies needed for future sci-  
8 entific missions; and

9 (5) in selecting future scientific missions, the  
10 Administrator should take into account the impact  
11 that large programs that overrun cost and schedule  
12 estimates may have on other NASA programs in  
13 earlier phases of development.

14 (b) PROJECT CONTINUATION.—The Administrator  
15 shall continue—

16 (1) to closely track the cost and schedule per-  
17 formance of the James Webb Space Telescope  
18 project; and

19 (2) to improve the reliability of cost estimates  
20 and contractor performance data throughout the re-  
21 maining development of the James Webb Space Tel-  
22 escope.

23 (c) REVISED ESTIMATE.—Due to delays to the James  
24 Webb Space Telescope project resulting from the COVID—

1 19 pandemic, the Administrator shall provide to Con-  
2 gress—

3 (1) an estimate of any increase to program de-  
4 velopment costs, if such costs are anticipated to ex-  
5 ceed \$8,802,700,000; and

6 (2) an estimate for a revised launch date.

7 **SEC. 635. WIDE-FIELD INFRARED SURVEY TELESCOPE.**

8 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-  
9 gress that—

10 (1) major growth in the cost of astrophysics  
11 flagship-class missions has impacted the overall port-  
12 folio balance of the Science Mission Directorate; and

13 (2) the Administrator should continue to de-  
14 velop the Wide-Field Infrared Survey Telescope with  
15 a development cost of not more than  
16 \$3,200,000,000.

17 (b) PROJECT CONTINUATION.—The Administrator  
18 shall continue to develop the Wide-Field Infrared Survey  
19 Telescope to meet the objectives outlined in the 2010  
20 decadal survey on astronomy and astrophysics of the Na-  
21 tional Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine  
22 in a manner that maximizes scientific productivity based  
23 on the resources invested.

1 **SEC. 636. STUDY ON SATELLITE SERVICING FOR SCIENCE**  
2 **MISSIONS.**

3 (a) **IN GENERAL.**—The Administrator shall conduct  
4 a study on the feasibility of using in-space robotic refuel-  
5 ing, repair, or refurbishment capabilities to extend the  
6 useful life of telescopes and other science missions that  
7 are operational or in development as of the date of the  
8 enactment of this Act.

9 (b) **ELEMENTS.**—The study conducted under sub-  
10 section (a) shall include the following:

11 (1) An identification of the technologies and in-  
12 space testing required to demonstrate the in-space  
13 robotic refueling, repair, or refurbishment capabili-  
14 ties described in that subsection.

15 (2) The projected cost of using such capabili-  
16 ties, including the cost of extended operations for  
17 science missions described in that subsection.

18 (c) **BRIEFING.**—Not later than 1 year after the date  
19 of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall pro-  
20 vide to the appropriate committees of Congress a briefing  
21 on the results of the study conducted under subsection (a).

22 (d) **PUBLIC AVAILABILITY.**—Not later than 30 days  
23 after the Administrator provides the briefing under sub-  
24 section (c), the Administrator shall make the study con-  
25 ducted under subsection (a) available to the public.

1 **SEC. 637. EARTH SCIENCE MISSIONS AND PROGRAMS.**

2 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-  
3 gress that the Earth Science Division of NASA plays an  
4 important role in national efforts—

5 (1) to collect and use Earth observations in  
6 service to society; and

7 (2) to understand global change.

8 (b) EARTH SCIENCE MISSIONS AND PROGRAMS.—

9 With respect to the missions and programs of the Earth  
10 Science Division, the Administrator shall, to the maximum  
11 extent practicable, follow the recommendations and guid-  
12 ance provided by the scientific community through the  
13 decadal survey for Earth science and applications from  
14 space of the National Academies of Sciences, Engineering,  
15 and Medicine, including—

16 (1) the science priorities described in such sur-  
17 vey;

18 (2) the execution of the series of existing or  
19 previously planned observations (commonly known as  
20 the “program of record”); and

21 (3) the development of a range of missions of  
22 all classes, including opportunities for principal in-  
23 vestigator-led, competitively selected missions.

1 **SEC. 638. LIFE SCIENCE AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE RE-**  
2 **SEARCH.**

3 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-  
4 gress that—

5 (1) the 2011 decadal survey on biological and  
6 physical sciences in space identifies—

7 (A) many areas in which fundamental sci-  
8 entific research is needed to efficiently advance  
9 the range of human activities in space, from the  
10 first stages of exploration to eventual economic  
11 development; and

12 (B) many areas of basic and applied sci-  
13 entific research that could use the microgravity,  
14 radiation, and other aspects of the spaceflight  
15 environment to answer fundamental scientific  
16 questions;

17 (2) given the central role of life science and  
18 physical science research in developing the future of  
19 space exploration, NASA should continue to invest  
20 strategically in such research to maintain United  
21 States leadership in space exploration; and

22 (3) such research remains important to the ob-  
23 jectives of NASA with respect to long-duration deep  
24 space human exploration to the Moon and Mars.

25 (b) PROGRAM CONTINUATION.—

1           (1) IN GENERAL.—In support of the goals de-  
2           scribed in section 20302 of title 51, United States  
3           Code, the Administrator shall continue to implement  
4           a collaborative, multidisciplinary life science and  
5           physical science fundamental research program—

6                   (A) to build a scientific foundation for the  
7                   exploration and development of space;

8                   (B) to investigate the mechanisms of  
9                   changes to biological systems and physical sys-  
10                  tems, and the environments of those systems in  
11                  space, including the effects of long-duration ex-  
12                  posure to deep space-related environmental fac-  
13                  tors on those systems;

14                  (C) to understand the effects of combined  
15                  deep space radiation and altered gravity levels  
16                  on biological systems so as to inform the devel-  
17                  opment and testing of potential counter-  
18                  measures;

19                  (D) to understand physical phenomena in  
20                  reduced gravity that affect design and perform-  
21                  ance of enabling technologies necessary for the  
22                  space exploration program;

23                  (E) to provide scientific opportunities to  
24                  educate, train, and develop the next generation  
25                  of researchers and engineers; and

1                   (F) to provide state-of-the-art data reposi-  
2                   tories and curation of large multi-data sets to  
3                   enable comparative research analyses.

4                   (2) ELEMENTS.—The program under para-  
5                   graph (1) shall—

6                   (A) include fundamental research relating  
7                   to life science, space bioscience, and physical  
8                   science; and

9                   (B) maximize intra-agency and interagency  
10                  partnerships to advance space exploration, sci-  
11                  entific knowledge, and benefits to Earth.

12                  (3) USE OF FACILITIES.—In carrying out the  
13                  program under paragraph (1), the Administrator  
14                  may use ground-based, air-based, and space-based  
15                  facilities in low-Earth orbit and beyond low-Earth  
16                  orbit.

17 **SEC. 639. SCIENCE MISSIONS TO MARS.**

18                  (a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall conduct  
19                  1 or more science missions to Mars to enable the selection  
20                  of 1 or more sites for human landing.

21                  (b) SAMPLE PROGRAM.—The Administrator may  
22                  carry out a program—

23                         (1) to collect samples from the surface of Mars;  
24                         and

1           (2) to return such samples to Earth for sci-  
2           entific analysis.

3           (c) USE OF EXISTING CAPABILITIES AND ASSETS.—

4 In carrying out this section, the Administrator shall, to  
5 the maximum extent practicable, use existing capabilities  
6 and assets of NASA centers.

7 **SEC. 640. PLANETARY DEFENSE COORDINATION OFFICE.**

8           (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-  
9           ings:

10           (1) Near-Earth objects remain a threat to the  
11           United States.

12           (2) Section 321(d)(1) of the National Aero-  
13           nautics and Space Administration Authorization Act  
14           of 2005 (Public Law 109–155; 119 Stat. 2922; 51  
15           U.S.C. 71101 note prec.) established a requirement  
16           that the Administrator plan, develop, and implement  
17           a Near-Earth Object Survey program to detect,  
18           track, catalogue, and characterize the physical char-  
19           acteristics of near-Earth objects equal to or greater  
20           than 140 meters in diameter in order to assess the  
21           threat of such near-Earth objects to the Earth, with  
22           the goal of 90-percent completion of the catalogue of  
23           such near-Earth objects by December 30, 2020.

24           (3) The current planetary defense strategy of  
25           NASA acknowledges that such goal will not be met.



1           (4) The report of the National Academies of  
2           Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine entitled “Find-  
3           ing Hazardous Asteroids Using Infrared and Visible  
4           Wavelength Telescopes” issued in 2019 states  
5           that—

6                   (A) NASA cannot accomplish such goal  
7                   with currently available assets;

8                   (B) NASA should develop and launch a  
9                   dedicated space-based infrared survey telescope  
10                  to meet the requirements of section 321(d)(1)  
11                  of the National Aeronautics and Space Admin-  
12                  istration Authorization Act of 2005 (Public  
13                  Law 109–155; 119 Stat. 2922; 51 U.S.C.  
14                  71101 note prec.); and

15                  (C) the early detection of potentially haz-  
16                  ardous near-Earth objects enabled by a space-  
17                  based infrared survey telescope is important to  
18                  enable deflection of a dangerous asteroid.

19           (b) ESTABLISHMENT OF PLANETARY DEFENSE CO-  
20           ORDINATION OFFICE.—

21                   (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after  
22                   the date of the enactment of this Act, the Adminis-  
23                   trator shall establish an office within the Planetary  
24                   Science Division of the Science Mission Directorate,  
25                   to be known as the “Planetary Defense Coordination

1 Office”, to plan, develop, and implement a program  
2 to survey threats posed by near-Earth objects equal  
3 to or greater than 140 meters in diameter, as re-  
4 quired by section 321(d)(1) of the National Aero-  
5 nautics and Space Administration Authorization Act  
6 of 2005 (Public Law 109–155; 119 Stat. 2922; 51  
7 U.S.C. 71101 note prec.).

8 (2) ACTIVITIES.—The Administrator shall—

9 (A) develop and, not later than September  
10 30, 2025, launch a space-based infrared survey  
11 telescope that is capable of detecting near-  
12 Earth objects equal to or greater than 140 me-  
13 ters in diameter, with preference given to plan-  
14 etary missions selected by the Administrator as  
15 of the date of the enactment of this Act to pur-  
16 sue concept design studies relating to the devel-  
17 opment of a space-based infrared survey tele-  
18 scope;

19 (B) identify, track, and characterize poten-  
20 tially hazardous near-Earth objects and issue  
21 warnings of the effects of potential impacts of  
22 such objects; and

23 (C) assist in coordinating Government  
24 planning for response to a potential impact of  
25 a near-Earth object.

1           (c) ANNUAL REPORT.—Section 321(f) of the Na-  
2 tional Aeronautics and Space Administration Authoriza-  
3 tion Act of 2005 (Public Law 109–155; 119 Stat. 2922;  
4 51 U.S.C. 71101 note prec.) is amended to read as fol-  
5 lows:

6           “(f) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than 180 days  
7 after the date of the enactment of the National Aero-  
8 nautics and Space Administration Authorization Act of  
9 2021, and annually thereafter through 90-percent comple-  
10 tion of the catalogue required by subsection (d)(1), the  
11 Administrator shall submit to the Committee on Com-  
12 merce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the  
13 Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the  
14 House of Representatives a report that includes the fol-  
15 lowing:

16           “(1) A summary of all activities carried out by  
17 the Planetary Defense Coordination Office estab-  
18 lished under section 640(b)(1) of the National Aero-  
19 nautics and Space Administration Authorization Act  
20 of 2021 since the date of enactment of that Act.

21           “(2) A description of the progress with respect  
22 to the design, development, and launch of the space-  
23 based infrared survey telescope required by section  
24 640 (b)(2)(A) of the National Aeronautics and  
25 Space Administration Authorization Act of 2021 .

1           “(3) An assessment of the progress toward  
2 meeting the requirements of subsection (d)(1).

3           “(4) A description of the status of efforts to co-  
4 ordinate planetary defense activities in response to a  
5 threat posed by a near-Earth object with other Fed-  
6 eral agencies since the date of enactment of the Na-  
7 tional Aeronautics and Space Administration Au-  
8 thorization Act of 2021 .

9           “(5) A description of the status of efforts to co-  
10 ordinate and cooperate with other countries to dis-  
11 cover hazardous asteroids and comets, plan a mitiga-  
12 tion strategy, and implement that strategy in the  
13 event of the discovery of an object on a likely colli-  
14 sion course with Earth.

15           “(6) A summary of expenditures for all activi-  
16 ties carried out by the Planetary Defense Coordina-  
17 tion Office since the date of enactment of the Na-  
18 tional Aeronautics and Space Administration Au-  
19 thorization Act of 2021.”.

20       (d) LIMITATION ON USE OF FUNDS.—None of the  
21 amounts authorized to be appropriated by this subtitle for  
22 a fiscal year may be obligated or expended for the Office  
23 of the Administrator during the last 3 months of that fis-  
24 cal year unless the Administrator submits the report for  
25 that fiscal year required by section 321(f) of the National

1 Aeronautics and Space Administration Authorization Act  
2 of 2005 (Public Law 109–155; 119 Stat. 2922; 51 U.S.C.  
3 71101 note prec.).

4 (e) NEAR-EARTH OBJECT DEFINED.—In this sec-  
5 tion, the term “near-Earth object” means an asteroid or  
6 comet with a perihelion distance of less than 1.3 Astro-  
7 nomical Units from the Sun.

8 **SEC. 641. SUBORBITAL SCIENCE FLIGHTS.**

9 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-  
10 gress that commercially available suborbital flight plat-  
11 forms enable low-cost access to a microgravity environ-  
12 ment to advance science and train scientists and engineers  
13 under the Suborbital Research Program established under  
14 section 802(c) of the National Aeronautics and Space Ad-  
15 ministration Authorization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C.  
16 18382(c)).

17 (b) REPORT.—

18 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 270 days  
19 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Ad-  
20 ministrator shall submit to the appropriate commit-  
21 tees of Congress a report evaluating the manner in  
22 which suborbital flight platforms can contribute to  
23 meeting the science objectives of NASA for the  
24 Science Mission Directorate and the Human Explo-  
25 ration and Operations Mission Directorate.

1           (2) CONTENTS.—The report required by para-  
2 graph (1) shall include the following:

3           (A) An assessment of the advantages of  
4 suborbital flight platforms to meet science ob-  
5 jectives.

6           (B) An evaluation of the challenges to  
7 greater use of commercial suborbital flight plat-  
8 forms for science purposes.

9           (C) An analysis of whether commercial  
10 suborbital flight platforms can provide low-cost  
11 flight opportunities to test lunar and Mars  
12 science payloads.

13 **SEC. 642. EARTH SCIENCE DATA AND OBSERVATIONS.**

14       (a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall to the  
15 maximum extent practicable, make available to the public  
16 in an easily accessible electronic database all data (includ-  
17 ing metadata, documentation, models, data processing  
18 methods, images, and research results) of the missions  
19 and programs of the Earth Science Division of the Admin-  
20 istration, or any successor division.

21       (b) OPEN DATA PROGRAM.—In carrying out sub-  
22 section (a), the Administrator shall establish and continue  
23 to operate an open data program that—

24           (1) is consistent with the greatest degree of  
25 interactivity, interoperability, and accessibility; and

1           (2) enables outside communities, including the  
2           research and applications community, private indus-  
3           try, academia, and the general public, to effectively  
4           collaborate in areas important to—

5                   (A) studying the Earth system and improv-  
6                   ing the prediction of Earth system change; and

7                   (B) improving model development, data as-  
8                   simation techniques, systems architecture inte-  
9                   gration, and computational efficiencies; and

10          (3) meets basic end-user requirements for run-  
11          ning on public computers and networks located out-  
12          side of secure Administration information and tech-  
13          nology systems.

14          (c) HOSTING.—The program under subsection (b)  
15          shall use, as appropriate and cost-effective, innovative  
16          strategies and methods for hosting and management of  
17          part or all of the program, including cloud-based com-  
18          puting capabilities.

19          (d) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this sec-  
20          tion shall be interpreted to require the Administrator to  
21          release classified, proprietary, or otherwise restricted in-  
22          formation that would be harmful to the national security  
23          of the United States.

1 **SEC. 643. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON SMALL SATELLITE**  
2 **SCIENCE.**

3 It is the sense of Congress that—

4 (1) small satellites—

5 (A) are increasingly robust, effective, and  
6 affordable platforms for carrying out space  
7 science missions;

8 (B) can work in tandem with or augment  
9 larger NASA spacecraft to support high-priority  
10 science missions of NASA; and

11 (C) are cost effective solutions that may  
12 allow NASA to continue collecting legacy obser-  
13 vations while developing next-generation science  
14 missions; and

15 (2) NASA should continue to support small sat-  
16 ellite research, development, technologies, and pro-  
17 grams, including technologies for compact and light-  
18 weight instrumentation for small satellites.

19 **SEC. 644. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON COMMERCIAL SPACE**  
20 **SERVICES.**

21 It is the sense of Congress that—

22 (1) the Administration should explore partner-  
23 ships with the commercial space industry for space  
24 science missions in and beyond Earth orbit, includ-  
25 ing partnerships relating to payload and instrument  
26 hosting and commercially available datasets; and



1           (2) such partnerships could result in increased  
2           mission cadence, technology advancement, and cost  
3           savings for the Administration.

4 **SEC. 645. PROCEDURES FOR IDENTIFYING AND ADDRESS-**  
5 **ING ALLEGED VIOLATIONS OF SCIENTIFIC IN-**  
6 **TEGRITY POLICY.**

7           Not later than 180 days after the date of the enact-  
8           ment of this Act, the Administrator shall develop and doc-  
9           ument procedures for identifying and addressing alleged  
10          violations of the scientific integrity policy of NASA.

11 **PART IV—AERONAUTICS**

12 **SEC. 646. SHORT TITLE.**

13          This part may be cited as the “Aeronautics Innova-  
14          tion Act”.

15 **SEC. 647. DEFINITIONS.**

16          In this part:

17           (1) **AERONAUTICS STRATEGIC IMPLEMENTA-**  
18           **TION PLAN.**—The term “Aeronautics Strategic Im-  
19           plementation Plan” means the Aeronautics Strategic  
20           Implementation Plan issued by the Aeronautics Re-  
21           search Mission Directorate.

22           (2) **UNMANNED AIRCRAFT; UNMANNED AIR-**  
23           **CRAFT SYSTEM.**—The terms “unmanned aircraft”  
24           and “unmanned aircraft system” have the meanings

1 given those terms in section 44801 of title 49,  
2 United States Code.

3 (3) X-PLANE.—The term “X-plane” means an  
4 experimental aircraft that is—

5 (A) used to test and evaluate a new tech-  
6 nology or aerodynamic concept; and

7 (B) operated by NASA or the Department  
8 of Defense.

9 **SEC. 648. EXPERIMENTAL AIRCRAFT PROJECTS.**

10 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-  
11 gress that—

12 (1) developing high-risk, precompetitive aero-  
13 space technologies for which there is not yet a profit  
14 rationale is a fundamental role of NASA;

15 (2) large-scale piloted flight test experimen-  
16 tation and validation are necessary for—

17 (A) transitioning new technologies and ma-  
18 terials, including associated manufacturing  
19 processes, for general aviation, commercial avia-  
20 tion, and military aeronautics use; and

21 (B) capturing the full extent of benefits  
22 from investments made by the Aeronautics Re-  
23 search Mission Directorate in priority programs  
24 called for in—

1 (i) the National Aeronautics Research  
2 and Development Plan issued by the Na-  
3 tional Science and Technology Council in  
4 February 2010;

5 (ii) the NASA 2014 Strategic Plan;

6 (iii) the Aeronautics Strategic Imple-  
7 mentation Plan; and

8 (iv) any updates to the programs  
9 called for in the plans described in clauses  
10 (i) through (iii);

11 (3) a level of funding that adequately supports  
12 large-scale piloted flight test experimentation and  
13 validation, including related infrastructure, should  
14 be ensured over a sustained period of time to restore  
15 the capacity of NASA—

16 (A) to see legacy priority programs  
17 through to completion; and

18 (B) to achieve national economic and secu-  
19 rity objectives; and

20 (4) NASA should not be directly involved in the  
21 Type Certification of aircraft for current and future  
22 scheduled commercial air service under part 121 or  
23 135 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, that  
24 would result in reductions in crew augmentation or  
25 single pilot or autonomously operated aircraft.

1           (b) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—It is the policy of the  
2 United States—

3           (1) to maintain world leadership in—

4                 (A) military and civilian aeronautical  
5 science and technology;

6                 (B) global air power projection; and

7                 (C) aerospace industrialization; and

8           (2) to maintain as a fundamental objective of  
9 NASA aeronautics research the steady progression  
10 and expansion of flight research and capabilities, in-  
11 cluding the science and technology of critical under-  
12 lying disciplines and competencies, such as—

13                 (A) computational-based analytical and  
14 predictive tools and methodologies;

15                 (B) aerothermodynamics;

16                 (C) propulsion;

17                 (D) advanced materials and manufacturing  
18 processes;

19                 (E) high-temperature structures and mate-  
20 rials; and

21                 (F) guidance, navigation, and flight con-  
22 trols.

23           (c) ESTABLISHMENT AND CONTINUATION OF X-  
24 PLANE PROJECTS.—

1           (1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall es-  
2           tablish or continue to implement, in a manner that  
3           is consistent with the roadmap for supersonic aero-  
4           nautics research and development required by sec-  
5           tion 604(b) of the National Aeronautics and Space  
6           Administration Transition Authorization Act of  
7           2017 (Public Law 115–10; 131 Stat. 55), the fol-  
8           lowing projects:

9                   (A) A low-boom supersonic aircraft project  
10                  to demonstrate supersonic aircraft designs and  
11                  technologies that—

12                           (i) reduce sonic boom noise; and

13                           (ii) assist the Administrator of the  
14                  Federal Aviation Administration in ena-  
15                  bling—

16                                   (I) the safe commercial deploy-  
17                                   ment of civil supersonic aircraft tech-  
18                                   nology; and

19                                   (II) the safe and efficient oper-  
20                                   ation of civil supersonic aircraft.

21                   (B) A subsonic flight demonstrator aircraft  
22                  project to advance high-aspect-ratio, thin-wing  
23                  aircraft designs and to integrate propulsion,  
24                  composites, and other technologies that enable  
25                  significant increases in energy efficiency and re-

1           duced life-cycle emissions in the aviation system  
2           while reducing noise and emissions.

3           (C) A series of large-scale X-plane dem-  
4           onstrators that are—

5                   (i) developed sequentially or in par-  
6                   allel; and

7                   (ii) each based on a set of new con-  
8                   figuration concepts or technologies deter-  
9                   mined by the Administrator to dem-  
10                  onstrate—

11                   (I) aircraft and propulsion con-  
12                   cepts and technologies and related ad-  
13                   vances in alternative propulsion and  
14                   energy; and

15                   (II) flight propulsion concepts  
16                   and technologies.

17           (2) ELEMENTS.—For each project under para-  
18           graph (1), the Administrator shall—

19                   (A) include the development of X-planes  
20                   and all necessary supporting flight test assets;

21                   (B) pursue a robust technology maturation  
22                   and flight test validation effort;

23                   (C) improve necessary facilities, flight test-  
24                   ing capabilities, and computational tools to sup-  
25                   port the project;

1 (D) award any primary contracts for de-  
2 sign, procurement, and manufacturing to  
3 United States persons, consistent with inter-  
4 national obligations and commitments;

5 (E) coordinate research and flight test  
6 demonstration activities with other Federal  
7 agencies and the United States aviation com-  
8 munity, as the Administrator considers appro-  
9 priate; and

10 (F) ensure that the project is aligned with  
11 the Aeronautics Strategic Implementation Plan  
12 and any updates to the Aeronautics Strategic  
13 Implementation Plan.

14 (3) UNITED STATES PERSON DEFINED.—In this  
15 subsection, the term “United States person”  
16 means—

17 (A) a United States citizen or an alien law-  
18 fully admitted for permanent residence to the  
19 United States; or

20 (B) an entity organized under the laws of  
21 the United States or of any jurisdiction within  
22 the United States, including a foreign branch of  
23 such an entity.

24 (d) ADVANCED MATERIALS AND MANUFACTURING  
25 TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM.—

1           (1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator may es-  
2           tablish an advanced materials and manufacturing  
3           technology program—

4                   (A) to develop—

5                           (i) new materials, including composite  
6                           and high-temperature materials, from base  
7                           material formulation through full-scale  
8                           structural validation and manufacture;

9                           (ii) advanced materials and manufac-  
10                          turing processes, including additive manu-  
11                          facturing, to reduce the cost of manufac-  
12                          turing scale-up and certification for use in  
13                          general aviation, commercial aviation, and  
14                          military aeronautics; and

15                          (iii) noninvasive or nondestructive  
16                          techniques for testing or evaluating avia-  
17                          tion and aeronautics structures, including  
18                          for materials and manufacturing processes;

19                   (B) to reduce the time it takes to design,  
20                   industrialize, and certify advanced materials  
21                   and manufacturing processes;

22                   (C) to provide education and training op-  
23                   portunities for the aerospace workforce; and

24                   (D) to address global cost and human cap-  
25                   ital competitiveness for United States aero-



1 nautical industries and technological leadership  
2 in advanced materials and manufacturing tech-  
3 nology.

4 (2) ELEMENTS.—In carrying out a program  
5 under paragraph (1), the Administrator shall—

6 (A) build on work that was carried out by  
7 the Advanced Composites Project of NASA;

8 (B) partner with the private and academic  
9 sectors, such as members of the Advanced Com-  
10 posites Consortium of NASA, the Joint Ad-  
11 vanced Materials and Structures Center of Ex-  
12 cellence of the Federal Aviation Administration,  
13 the Manufacturing USA institutes of the De-  
14 partment of Commerce, and national labora-  
15 tories, as the Administrator considers appro-  
16 priate;

17 (C) provide a structure for managing intel-  
18 lectual property generated by the program  
19 based on or consistent with the structure estab-  
20 lished for the Advanced Composites Consortium  
21 of NASA;

22 (D) ensure adequate Federal cost share for  
23 applicable research; and

24 (E) coordinate with advanced manufac-  
25 turing and composites initiatives in other mis-

1           sion directorates of NASA, as the Adminis-  
2           trator considers appropriate.

3           (e) RESEARCH PARTNERSHIPS.—In carrying out the  
4 projects under subsection (c) and a program under sub-  
5 section (d), the Administrator may engage in cooperative  
6 research programs with—

7           (1) academia; and

8           (2) commercial aviation and aerospace manu-  
9           facturers.

10 **SEC. 649. UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS.**

11           (a) UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS OPERATION  
12 PROGRAM.—The Administrator shall—

13           (1) research and test capabilities and concepts,  
14 including unmanned aircraft systems communica-  
15 tions, for integrating unmanned aircraft systems  
16 into the national airspace system;

17           (2) leverage the partnership NASA has with in-  
18 dustry focused on the advancement of technologies  
19 for future air traffic management systems for un-  
20 manned aircraft systems; and

21           (3) continue to align the research and testing  
22 portfolio of NASA to inform the integration of un-  
23 manned aircraft systems into the national airspace  
24 system, consistent with public safety and national  
25 security objectives.

1 (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS ON COORDINATION WITH  
2 FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION.—It is the sense of  
3 Congress that—

4 (1) NASA should continue—

5 (A) to coordinate with the Federal Avia-  
6 tion Administration on research on air traffic  
7 management systems for unmanned aircraft  
8 systems; and

9 (B) to assist the Federal Aviation Admin-  
10 istration in the integration of air traffic man-  
11 agement systems for unmanned aircraft sys-  
12 tems into the national airspace system; and

13 (2) the test ranges (as defined in section 44801  
14 of title 49, United States Code) should continue to  
15 be leveraged for research on—

16 (A) air traffic management systems for un-  
17 manned aircraft systems; and

18 (B) the integration of such systems into  
19 the national airspace system.

20 **SEC. 650. 21ST CENTURY AERONAUTICS CAPABILITIES INI-**  
21 **TIATIVE.**

22 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator may establish  
23 an initiative, to be known as the “21st Century Aero-  
24 nautics Capabilities Initiative”, within the Construction  
25 and Environmental Compliance and Restoration Account,

1 to ensure that NASA possesses the infrastructure and ca-  
2 pabilities necessary to conduct proposed flight demonstra-  
3 tion projects across the range of NASA aeronautics inter-  
4 ests.

5 (b) ACTIVITIES.—In carrying out the 21st Century  
6 Aeronautics Capabilities Initiative, the Administrator may  
7 carry out the following activities:

8 (1) Any investments the Administrator con-  
9 siders necessary to upgrade and create facilities for  
10 civil and national security aeronautics research to  
11 support advancements in—

12 (A) long-term foundational science and  
13 technology;

14 (B) advanced aircraft systems;

15 (C) air traffic management systems;

16 (D) fuel efficiency;

17 (E) electric propulsion technologies;

18 (F) system-wide safety assurance;

19 (G) autonomous aviation; and

20 (H) supersonic and hypersonic aircraft de-  
21 sign and development.

22 (2) Any measures the Administrator considers  
23 necessary to support flight testing activities, includ-  
24 ing—

1 (A) continuous refinement and develop-  
2 ment of free-flight test techniques and meth-  
3 odologies;

4 (B) upgrades and improvements to real-  
5 time tracking and data acquisition; and

6 (C) such other measures relating to aero-  
7 nautics research support and modernization as  
8 the Administrator considers appropriate to  
9 carry out the scientific study of the problems of  
10 flight, with a view to practical solutions for  
11 such problems.

12 **SEC. 651. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON ON-DEMAND AIR TRANS-**  
13 **PORTATION.**

14 It is the sense of Congress that—

15 (1) greater use of high-speed air transportation,  
16 small airports, helipads, vertical flight infrastruc-  
17 ture, and other aviation-related infrastructure can  
18 alleviate surface transportation congestion and sup-  
19 port economic growth within cities;

20 (2) with respect to urban air mobility and re-  
21 lated concepts, NASA should continue—

22 (A) to conduct research focused on con-  
23 cepts, technologies, and design tools; and

1 (B) to support the evaluation of advanced  
2 technologies and operational concepts that can  
3 be leveraged by—

4 (i) industry to develop future vehicles  
5 and systems; and

6 (ii) the Federal Aviation Administra-  
7 tion to support vehicle safety and oper-  
8 ational certification; and

9 (3) NASA should leverage ongoing efforts to  
10 develop advanced technologies to actively support the  
11 research needed for on-demand air transportation.

12 **SEC. 652. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON HYPERSONIC TECH-**  
13 **NOLOGY RESEARCH.**

14 It is the sense of Congress that—

15 (1) hypersonic technology is critical to the de-  
16 velopment of advanced high-speed aerospace vehicles  
17 for both civilian and national security purposes;

18 (2) for hypersonic vehicles to be realized, re-  
19 search is needed to overcome technical challenges,  
20 including in propulsion, advanced materials, and  
21 flight performance in a severe environment;

22 (3) NASA plays a critical role in supporting  
23 fundamental hypersonic research focused on system  
24 design, analysis and validation, and propulsion tech-  
25 nologies;

1           (4) NASA research efforts in hypersonic tech-  
2           nology should complement research supported by the  
3           Department of Defense to the maximum extent  
4           practicable, since contributions from both agencies  
5           working in partnership with universities and indus-  
6           try are necessary to overcome key technical chal-  
7           lenges;

8           (5) previous coordinated research programs be-  
9           tween NASA and the Department of Defense en-  
10          abled important progress on hypersonic technology;

11          (6) the commercial sector could provide flight  
12          platforms and other capabilities that are able to host  
13          and support NASA hypersonic technology research  
14          projects; and

15          (7) in carrying out hypersonic technology re-  
16          search projects, the Administrator should—

17                (A) focus research and development efforts  
18                on high-speed propulsion systems, reusable ve-  
19                hicle technologies, high-temperature materials,  
20                and systems analysis;

21                (B) coordinate with the Department of De-  
22                fense to prevent duplication of efforts and of in-  
23                vestments;

24                (C) include partnerships with universities  
25                and industry to accomplish research goals; and

1 (D) maximize public-private use of com-  
2 mercially available platforms for hosting re-  
3 search and development flight projects.

4 **PART V—SPACE TECHNOLOGY**

5 **SEC. 653. SPACE TECHNOLOGY MISSION DIRECTORATE.**

6 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-  
7 gress that an independent Space Technology Mission Di-  
8 rectorate is critical to ensuring continued investments in  
9 the development of technologies for missions across the  
10 portfolio of NASA, including science, aeronautics, and  
11 human exploration.

12 (b) SPACE TECHNOLOGY MISSION DIRECTORATE.—  
13 The Administrator shall maintain a Space Technology  
14 Mission Directorate consistent with section 702 of the Na-  
15 tional Aeronautics and Space Administration Transition  
16 Authorization Act of 2017 (51 U.S.C. 20301 note).

17 **SEC. 654. FLIGHT OPPORTUNITIES PROGRAM.**

18 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-  
19 gress that the Administrator should provide flight oppor-  
20 tunities for payloads to microgravity environments and  
21 suborbital altitudes as required by section 907(c) of the  
22 National Aeronautics and Space Administration Author-  
23 ization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C. 18405(c)), as amended by  
24 subsection (b).



1           (b) ESTABLISHMENT.—Section 907(e) of the Na-  
2 tional Aeronautics and Space Administration Authoriza-  
3 tion Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C. 18405(e)) is amended to read  
4 as follows:

5           “(c) ESTABLISHMENT.—

6                   “(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall es-  
7 tablish a Commercial Reusable Suborbital Research  
8 Program within the Space Technology Mission Di-  
9 rectorate to fund—

10                           “(A) the development of payloads for sci-  
11 entific research, technology development, and  
12 education;

13                           “(B) flight opportunities for those pay-  
14 loads to microgravity environments and sub-  
15 orbital altitudes; and

16                           “(C) transition of those payloads to orbital  
17 opportunities.

18                   “(2) COMMERCIAL REUSABLE VEHICLE  
19 FLIGHTS.—In carrying out the Commercial Reusable  
20 Suborbital Research Program, the Administrator  
21 may fund engineering and integration demonstra-  
22 tions, proofs of concept, and educational experiments  
23 for flights of commercial reusable vehicles.

24                   “(3) COMMERCIAL SUBORBITAL LAUNCH VEHI-  
25 CLES.—In carrying out the Commercial Reusable

1 Suborbital Research Program, the Administrator  
2 may not fund the development of new commercial  
3 suborbital launch vehicles.

4 “(4) WORKING WITH MISSION DIREC-  
5 TORATES.—In carrying out the Commercial Reus-  
6 able Suborbital Research Program, the Adminis-  
7 trator shall work with the mission directorates of  
8 NASA to achieve the research, technology, and edu-  
9 cation goals of NASA.”.

10 (c) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 907(b) of  
11 the National Aeronautics and Space Administration Au-  
12 thorization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C. 18405(b)) is amended,  
13 in the first sentence, by striking “Commercial Reusable  
14 Suborbital Research Program in” and inserting “Commer-  
15 cial Reusable Suborbital Research Program established  
16 under subsection (c)(1) within”.

17 **SEC. 655. SMALL SPACECRAFT TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM.**

18 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-  
19 gress that the Small Spacecraft Technology Program is  
20 important for conducting science and technology valida-  
21 tion for—

- 22 (1) short- and long-duration missions in low-  
23 Earth orbit;
- 24 (2) deep space missions; and

1           (3) deorbiting capabilities designed specifically  
2           for smaller spacecraft.

3           (b) ACCOMMODATION OF CERTAIN PAYLOADS.—In  
4 carrying out the Small Spacecraft Technology Program,  
5 the Administrator shall, as the mission risk posture and  
6 technology development objectives allow, accommodate  
7 science payloads that further the goal of long-term human  
8 exploration to the Moon and Mars.

9 **SEC. 656. NUCLEAR PROPULSION TECHNOLOGY.**

10          (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-  
11 gress that nuclear propulsion is critical to the development  
12 of advanced spacecraft for civilian and national defense  
13 purposes.

14          (b) DEVELOPMENT; STUDIES.—The Administrator  
15 shall, in coordination with the Secretary of Energy and  
16 the Secretary of Defense—

17           (1) continue to develop the fuel element design  
18           for NASA nuclear propulsion technology;

19           (2) undertake the systems feasibility studies for  
20           such technology; and

21           (3) partner with members of commercial indus-  
22           try to conduct studies on such technology.

23          (c) NUCLEAR PROPULSION TECHNOLOGY DEM-  
24          ONSTRATION.—

1           (1) DETERMINATION; REPORT.—Not later than  
2           December 31, 2021, the Administrator shall—

3                   (A) determine the correct approach for  
4                   conducting a flight demonstration of nuclear  
5                   propulsion technology; and

6                   (B) submit to Congress a report on a plan  
7                   for such a demonstration.

8           (2) DEMONSTRATION.—Not later than Decem-  
9           ber 31, 2026, the Administrator shall conduct the  
10           flight demonstration described in paragraph (1).

11 **SEC. 657. MARS-FORWARD TECHNOLOGIES.**

12           (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-  
13           gress that the Administrator should pursue multiple tech-  
14           nical paths for entry, descent, and landing for Mars, in-  
15           cluding competitively selected technology demonstration  
16           missions.

17           (b) PRIORITIZATION OF LONG-LEAD TECHNOLOGIES  
18           AND SYSTEMS.—The Administrator shall prioritize, within  
19           the Space Technology Mission Directorate, research, test-  
20           ing, and development of long-lead technologies and sys-  
21           tems for Mars, including technologies and systems relating  
22           to—

23                   (1) entry, descent, and landing; and

24                   (2) in-space propulsion, including nuclear pro-  
25                   pulsion, cryogenic fluid management, in-situ large-

1 scale additive manufacturing, and electric propulsion  
2 (including solar electric propulsion leveraging lessons  
3 learned from the power and propulsion element of  
4 the lunar outpost) options.

5 (c) TECHNOLOGY DEMONSTRATION.—The Adminis-  
6 trator may use low-Earth orbit and cis-lunar missions, in-  
7 cluding missions to the lunar surface, to demonstrate tech-  
8 nologies for Mars.

9 **SEC. 658. PRIORITIZATION OF LOW-ENRICHED URANIUM**  
10 **TECHNOLOGY.**

11 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-  
12 gress that—

13 (1) space technology, including nuclear propul-  
14 sion technology and space surface power reactors,  
15 should be developed in a manner consistent with  
16 broader United States foreign policy, national de-  
17 fense, and space exploration and commercialization  
18 priorities;

19 (2) highly enriched uranium presents security  
20 and nuclear nonproliferation concerns;

21 (3) since 1977, based on the concerns associ-  
22 ated with highly enriched uranium, the United  
23 States has promoted the use of low-enriched ura-  
24 nium over highly enriched uranium in nonmilitary

1 contexts, including research and commercial applica-  
2 tions;

3 (4) as part of United States efforts to limit  
4 international use of highly enriched uranium, the  
5 United States has actively pursued—

6 (A) since 1978, the conversion of domestic  
7 and foreign research reactors that use highly  
8 enriched uranium fuel to low-enriched uranium  
9 fuel and the avoidance of any new research re-  
10 actors that use highly enriched uranium fuel;  
11 and

12 (B) since 1994, the elimination of inter-  
13 national commerce in highly enriched uranium  
14 for civilian purposes; and

15 (5) the use of low-enriched uranium in place of  
16 highly enriched uranium has security, nonprolifera-  
17 tion, and economic benefits, including for the na-  
18 tional space program.

19 (b) PRIORITIZATION OF LOW-ENRICHED URANIUM  
20 TECHNOLOGY.—The Administrator shall—

21 (1) establish, within the Space Technology Mis-  
22 sion Directorate, a program for the research, test-  
23 ing, and development of in-space reactor designs, in-  
24 cluding a surface power reactor, that uses low-en-  
25 riched uranium fuel; and

1           (2) prioritize the research, demonstration, and  
2           deployment of such designs over designs using highly  
3           enriched uranium fuel.

4           (c)   REPORT   ON   NUCLEAR   TECHNOLOGY  
5   PRIORITIZATION.—Not later than 120 days after the date  
6   of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall sub-  
7   mit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report  
8   that—

9           (1) details the actions taken to implement sub-  
10          section (b); and

11          (2) identifies a plan and timeline under which  
12          such subsection will be implemented.

13          (d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

14           (1) HIGHLY ENRICHED URANIUM.—The term  
15          “highly enriched uranium” means uranium having  
16          an assay of 20 percent or greater of the uranium-  
17          235 isotope.

18           (2) LOW-ENRICHED URANIUM.—The term “low-  
19          enriched uranium” means uranium having an assay  
20          greater than the assay for natural uranium but less  
21          than 20 percent of the uranium-235 isotope.

22   **SEC. 659. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON NEXT-GENERATION**  
23                                   **COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY.**

24          It is the sense of Congress that—

25           (1) optical communications technologies—

1 (A) will be critical to the development of  
2 next-generation space-based communications  
3 networks;

4 (B) have the potential to allow NASA to  
5 expand the volume of data transmissions in low-  
6 Earth orbit and deep space; and

7 (C) may provide more secure and cost-ef-  
8 fective solutions than current radio frequency  
9 communications systems;

10 (2) quantum encryption technology has prom-  
11 ising implications for the security of the satellite and  
12 terrestrial communications networks of the United  
13 States, including optical communications networks,  
14 and further research and development by NASA  
15 with respect to quantum encryption is essential to  
16 maintaining the security of the United States and  
17 United States leadership in space; and

18 (3) in order to provide NASA with more secure  
19 and reliable space-based communications, the Space  
20 Communications and Navigation program office of  
21 NASA should continue—

22 (A) to support research on and develop-  
23 ment of optical communications; and



1 (B) to develop quantum encryption capa-  
2 bilities, especially as those capabilities apply to  
3 optical communications networks.

4 **SEC. 660. LUNAR SURFACE TECHNOLOGIES.**

5 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-  
6 gress that the Administrator should—

7 (1) identify and develop the technologies needed  
8 to live on and explore the lunar surface and prepare  
9 for future operations on Mars;

10 (2) convene teams of experts from academia, in-  
11 dustry, and government to shape the technology de-  
12 velopment priorities of the Administration for lunar  
13 surface exploration and habitation; and

14 (3) establish partnerships with researchers, uni-  
15 versities, and the private sector to rapidly develop  
16 and deploy technologies required for successful lunar  
17 surface exploration.

18 (b) DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION.—The Ad-  
19 ministrator shall carry out a program, within the Space  
20 Technology Mission Directorate, to conduct technology de-  
21 velopment and demonstrations to enable human and  
22 robotic exploration on the lunar surface.

23 (c) RESEARCH CONSORTIUM.—The Administrator  
24 shall establish a consortium consisting of experts from  
25 academia, industry, and government—

1           (1) to assist the Administrator in developing a  
2 cohesive, executable strategy for the development  
3 and deployment of technologies required for success-  
4 ful lunar surface exploration; and

5           (2) to identify specific technologies relating to  
6 lunar surface exploration that—

7                 (A) should be developed to facilitate such  
8 exploration; or

9                 (B) require future research and develop-  
10 ment.

11 (d) RESEARCH AWARDS.—

12           (1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator may task  
13 any member of the research consortium established  
14 under subsection (c) with conducting research and  
15 development with respect to a technology identified  
16 under paragraph (2) of that subsection.

17           (2) STANDARD PROCESS FOR ARRANGE-  
18 MENTS.—

19                 (A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator  
20 shall develop a standard process by which a  
21 consortium member tasked with research and  
22 development under paragraph (1) may enter  
23 into a formal arrangement with the Adminis-  
24 trator to carry out such research and develop-

1           ment, such as an arrangement under section  
2           666 or 667.

3           (B) REPORT.—Not later than 120 days  
4           after the date of the enactment of this Act, the  
5           Administrator shall submit to the appropriate  
6           committees of Congress a report on the one or  
7           more types of arrangement the Administrator  
8           intends to enter into under this subsection.

## 9           **PART VI—STEM ENGAGEMENT**

### 10   **SEC. 661. SENSE OF CONGRESS.**

11       It is the sense of Congress that—

12           (1) NASA serves as a source of inspiration to  
13       the people of the United States; and

14           (2) NASA is uniquely positioned to help in-  
15       crease student interest in science, technology, engi-  
16       neering, and math;

17           (3) engaging students, and providing hands-on  
18       experience at an early age, in science, technology,  
19       engineering, and math are important aspects of en-  
20       suring and promoting United States leadership in  
21       innovation; and

22           (4) NASA should strive to leverage its unique  
23       position—

24           (A) to increase kindergarten through grade  
25       12 involvement in NASA projects;

1 (B) to enhance higher education in STEM  
2 fields in the United States;

3 (C) to support individuals who are under-  
4 represented in science, technology, engineering,  
5 and math fields, such as women, minorities,  
6 and individuals in rural areas; and

7 (D) to provide flight opportunities for stu-  
8 dent experiments and investigations.

9 **SEC. 662. STEM EDUCATION ENGAGEMENT ACTIVITIES.**

10 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall continue  
11 to provide opportunities for formal and informal STEM  
12 education engagement activities within the Office of  
13 NASA STEM Engagement and other NASA directorates,  
14 including—

15 (1) the Established Program to Stimulate Com-  
16 petitive Research;

17 (2) the Minority University Research and Edu-  
18 cation Project; and

19 (3) the National Space Grant College and Fel-  
20 lowship Program.

21 (b) LEVERAGING NASA NATIONAL PROGRAMS TO  
22 PROMOTE STEM EDUCATION.—The Administrator, in  
23 partnership with museums, nonprofit organizations, and  
24 commercial entities, shall, to the maximum extent prac-  
25 ticable, leverage human spaceflight missions, Deep Space

1 Exploration Systems (including the Space Launch System,  
2 Orion, and Exploration Ground Systems), and NASA  
3 science programs to engage students at the kindergarten  
4 through grade 12 and higher education levels to pursue  
5 learning and career opportunities in STEM fields.

6 (c) BRIEFING.—Not later than 1 year after the date  
7 of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall brief  
8 the appropriate committees of Congress on—

9 (1) the status of the programs described in sub-  
10 section (a); and

11 (2) the manner by which each NASA STEM  
12 education engagement activity is organized and  
13 funded.

14 (d) STEM EDUCATION DEFINED.—In this section,  
15 the term “STEM education” has the meaning given the  
16 term in section 2 of the STEM Education Act of 2015  
17 (Public Law 114–59; 42 U.S.C. 6621 note).

18 **SEC. 663. SKILLED TECHNICAL EDUCATION OUTREACH**

19 **PROGRAM.**

20 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Administrator shall es-  
21 tablish a program to conduct outreach to secondary school  
22 students—

23 (1) to expose students to careers that require  
24 career and technical education; and

1           (2) to encourage students to pursue careers  
2           that require career and technical education.

3           (b) OUTREACH PLAN.—Not later than 180 days after  
4 the date of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator  
5 shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress  
6 a report on the outreach program under subsection (a)  
7 that includes—

8           (1) an implementation plan;

9           (2) a description of the resources needed to  
10          carry out the program; and

11          (3) any recommendations on expanding out-  
12          reach to secondary school students interested in  
13          skilled technical occupations.

14          (c) SYSTEMS OBSERVATION.—

15           (1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall de-  
16          velop a program and associated policies to allow stu-  
17          dents from accredited educational institutions to  
18          view the manufacturing, assembly, and testing of  
19          NASA-funded space and aeronautical systems, as  
20          the Administrator considers appropriate.

21           (2) CONSIDERATIONS.—In developing the pro-  
22          gram and policies under paragraph (1), the Adminis-  
23          trator shall take into consideration factors such as  
24          workplace safety, mission needs, and the protection  
25          of sensitive and proprietary technologies.

1 **SEC. 664. NATIONAL SPACE GRANT COLLEGE AND FELLOW-**  
2 **SHIP PROGRAM.**

3 (a) PURPOSES.—Section 40301 of title 51, United  
4 States Code, is amended—

5 (1) in paragraph (3)—

6 (A) in subparagraph (B), by striking  
7 “and” at the end;

8 (B) in subparagraph (C), by adding “and”  
9 after the semicolon at the end; and

10 (C) by adding at the end the following:

11 “(D) promote equally the State and re-  
12 gional STEM interests of each space grant con-  
13 sortium;”; and

14 (2) in paragraph (4), by striking “made up of  
15 university and industry members, in order to ad-  
16 vance” and inserting “comprised of members of uni-  
17 versities in each State and other entities, such as 2-  
18 year colleges, industries, science learning centers,  
19 museums, and government entities, to advance”.

20 (b) DEFINITIONS.—Section 40302 of title 51, United  
21 States Code, is amended—

22 (1) by striking paragraph (3);

23 (2) by inserting after paragraph (2) the fol-  
24 lowing:

25 “(3) LEAD INSTITUTION.—The term ‘lead insti-  
26 tution’ means an entity in a State that—

1           “(A) was designated by the Administrator  
2           under section 40306, as in effect on the day be-  
3           fore the date of the enactment of the National  
4           Aeronautics and Space Administration Author-  
5           ization Act of 2021; or

6           “(B) is designated by the Administrator  
7           under section 40303(d)(3).”;

8           (3) in paragraph (4), by striking “space grant  
9           college, space grant regional consortium, institution  
10          of higher education,” and inserting “lead institution,  
11          space grant consortium,”;

12          (4) by striking paragraphs (6), (7), and (8);

13          (5) by inserting after paragraph (5) the fol-  
14          lowing:

15          “(6) SPACE GRANT CONSORTIUM.—The term  
16          ‘space grant consortium’ means a State-wide group,  
17          led by a lead institution, that has established part-  
18          nerships with other academic institutions, industries,  
19          science learning centers, museums, and government  
20          entities to promote a strong educational base in the  
21          space and aeronautical sciences.”;

22          (6) by redesignating paragraph (9) as para-  
23          graph (7);

24          (7) in paragraph (7)(B), as so redesignated, by  
25          inserting “and aeronautics” after “space”;



1 (8) by striking paragraph (10); and

2 (9) by adding at the end the following:

3 “(8) STEM.—The term ‘STEM’ means science,  
4 technology, engineering, and mathematics.”.

5 (c) PROGRAM OBJECTIVE.—Section 40303 of title  
6 51, United States Code, is amended—

7 (1) by striking subsections (d) and (e);

8 (2) by redesignating subsection (c) as sub-  
9 section (e); and

10 (3) by striking subsection (b) and inserting the  
11 following:

12 “(b) PROGRAM OBJECTIVE.—

13 “(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall  
14 carry out the national space grant college and fel-  
15 lowship program with the objective of providing  
16 hands-on research, training, and education programs  
17 with measurable outcomes in each State, including  
18 programs to provide—

19 “(A) internships, fellowships, and scholar-  
20 ships;

21 “(B) interdisciplinary hands-on mission  
22 programs and design projects;

23 “(C) student internships with industry or  
24 university researchers or at centers of the Ad-  
25 ministration;

1           “(D) faculty and curriculum development  
2 initiatives;

3           “(E) university-based research initiatives  
4 relating to the Administration and the STEM  
5 workforce needs of each State; or

6           “(F) STEM engagement programs for kin-  
7 dergarten through grade 12 teachers and stu-  
8 dents.

9           “(2) PROGRAM PRIORITIES.—In carrying out  
10 the objective described in paragraph (1), the Admin-  
11 istrator shall ensure that each program carried out  
12 by a space grant consortium under the national  
13 space grant college and fellowship program balances  
14 the following priorities:

15           “(A) The space and aeronautics research  
16 needs of the Administration, including the mis-  
17 sion directorates.

18           “(B) The need to develop a national  
19 STEM workforce.

20           “(C) The STEM workforce needs of the  
21 State.

22           “(c) PROGRAM ADMINISTERED THROUGH SPACE  
23 GRANT CONSORTIA.—The Administrator shall carry out  
24 the national space grant college and fellowship program  
25 through the space grant consortia.

1       “(d) SUSPENSION; TERMINATION; NEW COMPETITION.—

2       “(1) SUSPENSION.—The Administrator may,  
3       for cause and after an opportunity for hearing, sus-  
4       pend a lead institution that was designated by the  
5       Administrator under section 40306, as in effect on  
6       the day before the date of the enactment of the Na-  
7       tional Aeronautics and Space Administration Au-  
8       thorization Act of 2021.

9       “(2) TERMINATION.—If the issue resulting in a  
10       suspension under paragraph (1) is not resolved with-  
11       in a period determined by the Administrator, the  
12       Administrator may terminate the designation of the  
13       entity as a lead institution.

14       “(3) NEW COMPETITION.—If the Administrator  
15       terminates the designation of an entity as a lead in-  
16       stitution, the Administrator may initiate a new com-  
17       petition in the applicable State for the designation of  
18       a lead institution.”.

19       (d) GRANTS.—Section 40304 of title 51, United  
20       States Code, is amended to read as follows:

21       **“§ 40304. Grants**

22       “(a) ELIGIBLE SPACE GRANT CONSORTIUM DE-  
23       FINED.—In this section, the term ‘eligible space grant  
24

1 consortium' means a space grant consortium that the Ad-  
2 ministrator has determined—

3           “(1) has the capability and objective to carry  
4 out not fewer than 3 of the 6 programs under sec-  
5 tion 40303(b)(1);

6           “(2) will carry out programs that balance the  
7 priorities described in section 40303(b)(2); and

8           “(3) is engaged in research, training, and edu-  
9 cation relating to space and aeronautics.

10       “(b) GRANTS.—

11           “(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall  
12 award grants to the lead institutions of eligible space  
13 grant consortia to carry out the programs under sec-  
14 tion 40303(b)(1).

15           “(2) REQUEST FOR PROPOSALS.—

16           “(A) IN GENERAL.—On the expiration of  
17 existing cooperative agreements between the  
18 Administration and the space grant consortia,  
19 the Administrator shall issue a request for pro-  
20 posals from space grant consortia for the award  
21 of grants under this section.

22           “(B) APPLICATIONS.—A lead institution of  
23 a space grant consortium that seeks a grant  
24 under this section shall submit, on behalf of  
25 such space grant consortium, an application to

1           the Administrator at such time, in such man-  
2           ner, and accompanied by such information as  
3           the Administrator may require.

4           “(3) GRANT AWARDS.—The Administrator shall  
5           award 1 or more 5-year grants, disbursed in annual  
6           installments, to the lead institution of the eligible  
7           space grant consortium of—

8                   “(A) each State;

9                   “(B) the District of Columbia; and

10                  “(C) the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

11           “(4) USE OF FUNDS.—A grant awarded under  
12           this section shall be used by an eligible space grant  
13           consortium to carry out not fewer than 3 of the 6  
14           programs under section 40303(b)(1).

15           “(c) ALLOCATION OF FUNDING.—

16                  “(1) PROGRAM IMPLEMENTATION.—

17                   “(A) IN GENERAL.—To carry out the ob-  
18                   jective described in section 40303(b)(1), of the  
19                   funds made available each fiscal year for the  
20                   national space grant college and fellowship pro-  
21                   gram, the Administrator shall allocate not less  
22                   than 85 percent as follows:

23                           “(i) The 52 eligible space grant con-  
24                           sortia shall each receive an equal share.

1                   “(ii) The territories of Guam and the  
2                   United States Virgin Islands shall each re-  
3                   ceive funds equal to approximately  $\frac{1}{5}$  of  
4                   the share for each eligible space grant con-  
5                   sortia.

6                   “(B) MATCHING REQUIREMENT.—Each el-  
7                   igible space grant consortium shall match the  
8                   funds allocated under subparagraph (A)(i) on a  
9                   basis of not less than 1 non-Federal dollar for  
10                  every 1 Federal dollar, except that any program  
11                  funded under paragraph (3) or any program to  
12                  carry out 1 or more internships or fellowships  
13                  shall not be subject to that matching require-  
14                  ment.

15                  “(2) PROGRAM ADMINISTRATION.—

16                  “(A) IN GENERAL.—Of the funds made  
17                  available each fiscal year for the national space  
18                  grant college and fellowship program, the Ad-  
19                  ministrator shall allocate not more than 10 per-  
20                  cent for the administration of the program.

21                  “(B) COSTS COVERED.—The funds allo-  
22                  cated under subparagraph (A) shall cover all  
23                  costs of the Administration associated with the  
24                  administration of the national space grant col-  
25                  lege and fellowship program, including—

1                   “(i) direct costs of the program, in-  
2                   cluding costs relating to support services  
3                   and civil service salaries and benefits;

4                   “(ii) indirect general and administra-  
5                   tive costs of centers and facilities of the  
6                   Administration; and

7                   “(iii) indirect general and administra-  
8                   tive costs of the Administration head-  
9                   quarters.

10                  “(3) SPECIAL PROGRAMS.—Of the funds made  
11                  available each fiscal year for the national space  
12                  grant college and fellowship program, the Adminis-  
13                  trator shall allocate not more than 5 percent to the  
14                  lead institutions of space grant consortia established  
15                  as of the date of the enactment of the National Aer-  
16                  onautics and Space Administration Authorization  
17                  Act of 2021 for grants to carry out innovative ap-  
18                  proaches and programs to further science and edu-  
19                  cation relating to the missions of the Administration  
20                  and STEM disciplines.

21                  “(d) TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—

22                  “(1) LIMITATIONS.—Amounts made available  
23                  through a grant under this section may not be ap-  
24                  plied to—

25                  “(A) the purchase of land;

1           “(B) the purchase, construction, preserva-  
2           tion, or repair of a building; or

3           “(C) the purchase or construction of a  
4           launch facility or launch vehicle.

5           “(2) LEASES.—Notwithstanding paragraph (1),  
6           land, buildings, launch facilities, and launch vehicles  
7           may be leased under a grant on written approval by  
8           the Administrator.

9           “(3) RECORDS.—

10           “(A) IN GENERAL.—Any person that re-  
11           ceives or uses the proceeds of a grant under  
12           this section shall keep such records as the Ad-  
13           ministrator shall by regulation prescribe as  
14           being necessary and appropriate to facilitate ef-  
15           fective audit and evaluation, including records  
16           that fully disclose the amount and disposition  
17           by a recipient of such proceeds, the total cost  
18           of the program or project in connection with  
19           which such proceeds were used, and the  
20           amount, if any, of such cost that was provided  
21           through other sources.

22           “(B) MAINTENANCE OF RECORDS.—  
23           Records under subparagraph (A) shall be main-  
24           tained for not less than 3 years after the date  
25           of completion of such a program or project.



1           “(C) ACCESS.—For the purpose of audit  
2           and evaluation, the Administrator and the  
3           Comptroller General of the United States shall  
4           have access to any books, documents, papers,  
5           and records of receipts relating to a grant  
6           under this section, as determined by the Admin-  
7           istrator or Comptroller General.”.

8           (e) PROGRAM STREAMLINING.—Title 51, United  
9 States Code, is amended—

10           (1) by striking sections 40305 through 40308,  
11           40310, and 40311; and

12           (2) by redesignating section 40309 as section  
13           40305.

14           (f) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The table of sec-  
15 tions at the beginning of chapter 403 of title 51, United  
16 States Code, is amended by striking the items relating to  
17 sections 40304 through 40311 and inserting the following:

“40304. Grants.

“40305. Availability of other Federal personnel and data.”.

18       **PART VII—WORKFORCE AND INDUSTRIAL BASE**

19       **SEC. 665. APPOINTMENT AND COMPENSATION PILOT PRO-**  
20               **GRAM.**

21           (a) DEFINITION OF COVERED PROVISIONS.—In this  
22 section, the term “covered provisions” means the provi-  
23 sions of title 5, United States Code, other than—

24           (1) section 2301 of that title;

1 (2) section 2302 of that title;

2 (3) chapter 71 of that title;

3 (4) section 7204 of that title; and

4 (5) chapter 73 of that title.

5 (b) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established a 3-year  
6 pilot program under which, notwithstanding section 20113  
7 of title 51, United States Code, the Administrator may,  
8 with respect to not more than 3,000 designated per-  
9 sonnel—

10 (1) appoint and manage such designated per-  
11 sonnel of the Administration, without regard to the  
12 covered provisions; and

13 (2) fix the compensation of such designated  
14 personnel of the Administration, without regard to  
15 chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of title  
16 5, United States Code, at a rate that does not ex-  
17 ceed the per annum rate of salary of the Vice Presi-  
18 dent of the United States under section 104 of title  
19 3, United States Code.

20 (c) ADMINISTRATOR RESPONSIBILITIES.—In car-  
21 rying out the pilot program established under subsection  
22 (b), the Administrator shall ensure that the pilot pro-  
23 gram—

24 (1) uses—

25 (A) state-of-the-art recruitment techniques;

- 1 (B) simplified classification methods with  
2 respect to personnel of the Administration; and  
3 (C) broad banding; and  
4 (2) offers—  
5 (A) competitive compensation; and  
6 (B) the opportunity for career mobility.

7 **SEC. 666. ESTABLISHMENT OF MULTI-INSTITUTION CON-**  
8 **SORTIA.**

9 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator, pursuant to  
10 section 2304(c)(3)(B) of title 10, United States Code,  
11 may—

- 12 (1) establish one or more multi-institution con-  
13 sortia to facilitate access to essential engineering, re-  
14 search, and development capabilities in support of  
15 NASA missions;  
16 (2) use such a consortium to fund technical  
17 analyses and other engineering support to address  
18 the acquisition, technical, and operational needs of  
19 NASA centers; and  
20 (3) ensure such a consortium—  
21 (A) is held accountable for the technical  
22 quality of the work product developed under  
23 this section; and  
24 (B) convenes disparate groups to facilitate  
25 public-private partnerships.

1 (b) POLICIES AND PROCEDURES.—The Adminis-  
2 trator shall develop and implement policies and procedures  
3 to govern, with respect to the establishment of a consor-  
4 tium under subsection (a)—

5 (1) the selection of participants;

6 (2) the award of cooperative agreements or  
7 other contracts;

8 (3) the appropriate use of competitive awards  
9 and sole source awards; and

10 (4) technical capabilities required.

11 (c) ELIGIBILITY.—The following entities shall be eli-  
12 gible to participate in a consortium established under sub-  
13 section (a):

14 (1) An institution of higher education (as de-  
15 fined in section 102 of the Higher Education Act of  
16 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1002)).

17 (2) An operator of a federally funded research  
18 and development center.

19 (3) A nonprofit or not-for-profit research insti-  
20 tution.

21 (4) A consortium composed of—

22 (A) an entity described in paragraph (1),  
23 (2), or (3); and

24 (B) one or more for-profit entities.

1 **SEC. 667. EXPEDITED ACCESS TO TECHNICAL TALENT AND**  
2 **EXPERTISE.**

3 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator may—

4 (1) establish one or more multi-institution task  
5 order contracts, consortia, cooperative agreements,  
6 or other arrangements to facilitate expedited access  
7 to eligible entities in support of NASA missions; and

8 (2) use such a multi-institution task order con-  
9 tract, consortium, cooperative agreement, or other  
10 arrangement to fund technical analyses and other  
11 engineering support to address the acquisition, tech-  
12 nical, and operational needs of NASA centers.

13 (b) CONSULTATION WITH OTHER NASA-AFFILIATED  
14 ENTITIES.—To ensure access to technical expertise and  
15 reduce costs and duplicative efforts, a multi-institution  
16 task order contract, consortium, cooperative agreement, or  
17 any other arrangement established under subsection (a)(1)  
18 shall, to the maximum extent practicable, be carried out  
19 in consultation with other NASA-affiliated entities, includ-  
20 ing federally funded research and development centers,  
21 university-affiliated research centers, and NASA labora-  
22 tories and test centers.

23 (c) POLICIES AND PROCEDURES.—The Adminis-  
24 trator shall develop and implement policies and procedures  
25 to govern, with respect to the establishment of a multi-  
26 institution task order contract, consortium, cooperative

1 agreement, or any other arrangement under subsection

2 (a)(1)—

3 (1) the selection of participants;

4 (2) the award of task orders;

5 (3) the maximum award size for a task;

6 (4) the appropriate use of competitive awards

7 and sole source awards; and

8 (5) technical capabilities required.

9 (d) ELIGIBLE ENTITY DEFINED.—In this section,  
10 the term “eligible entity” means—

11 (1) an institution of higher education (as de-  
12 fined in section 102 of the Higher Education Act of  
13 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1002));

14 (2) an operator of a federally funded research  
15 and development center;

16 (3) a nonprofit or not-for-profit research insti-  
17 tution; and

18 (4) a consortium composed of—

19 (A) an entity described in paragraph (1),  
20 (2), or (3); and

21 (B) one or more for-profit entities.

22 **SEC. 668. REPORT ON INDUSTRIAL BASE FOR CIVIL SPACE**  
23 **MISSIONS AND OPERATIONS.**

24 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the  
25 date of the enactment of this Act, and from time to time

1 thereafter, the Administrator shall submit to the appro-  
2 priate committees of Congress a report on the United  
3 States industrial base for NASA civil space missions and  
4 operations.

5 (b) ELEMENTS.—The report required by subsection  
6 (a) shall include the following:

7 (1) A comprehensive description of the current  
8 status of the United States industrial base for  
9 NASA civil space missions and operations.

10 (2) A description and assessment of the weak-  
11 nesses in the supply chain, skills, manufacturing ca-  
12 pacity, raw materials, key components, and other  
13 areas of the United States industrial base for NASA  
14 civil space missions and operations that could ad-  
15 versely impact such missions and operations if un-  
16 available.

17 (3) A description and assessment of various  
18 mechanisms to address and mitigate the weaknesses  
19 described pursuant to paragraph (2).

20 (4) A comprehensive list of the collaborative ef-  
21 forts, including future and proposed collaborative ef-  
22 forts, between NASA and the Manufacturing USA  
23 institutes of the Department of Commerce.

24 (5) An assessment of—

1 (A) the defense and aerospace manufact-  
2 turing supply chains relevant to NASA in each  
3 region of the United States; and

4 (B) the feasibility and benefits of estab-  
5 lishing a supply chain center of excellence in a  
6 State in which NASA does not, as of the date  
7 of the enactment of this Act, have a research  
8 center or test facility.

9 (6) Such other matters relating to the United  
10 States industrial base for NASA civil space missions  
11 and operations as the Administrator considers ap-  
12 propriate.

13 **SEC. 669. SEPARATIONS AND RETIREMENT INCENTIVES.**

14 Section 20113 of title 51, United States Code, is  
15 amended by adding at the end the following:

16 “(o) PROVISIONS RELATED TO SEPARATION AND RE-  
17 TIREMENT INCENTIVES.—

18 “(1) DEFINITION.—In this subsection, the term  
19 ‘employee’—

20 “(A) means an employee of the Adminis-  
21 tration serving under an appointment without  
22 time limitation; and

23 “(B) does not include—

24 “(i) a reemployed annuitant under  
25 subchapter III of chapter 83 or chapter 84



1 of title 5 or any other retirement system  
2 for employees of the Federal Government;

3 “(ii) an employee having a disability  
4 on the basis of which such employee is or  
5 would be eligible for disability retirement  
6 under any of the retirement systems re-  
7 ferred to in clause (i); or

8 “(iii) for purposes of eligibility for  
9 separation incentives under this subsection,  
10 an employee who is in receipt of a decision  
11 notice of involuntary separation for mis-  
12 conduct or unacceptable performance.

13 “(2) **AUTHORITY.**—The Administrator may es-  
14 tablish a program under which employees may be el-  
15 ible for early retirement, offered separation incen-  
16 tive pay to separate from service voluntarily, or  
17 both. This authority may be used to reduce the  
18 number of personnel employed or to restructure the  
19 workforce to meet mission objectives without reduc-  
20 ing the overall number of personnel. This authority  
21 is in addition to, and notwithstanding, any other au-  
22 thorities established by law or regulation for such  
23 programs.

24 “(3) **EARLY RETIREMENT.**—An employee who  
25 is at least 50 years of age and has completed 20

1 years of service, or has at least 25 years of service,  
2 may, pursuant to regulations promulgated under  
3 this subsection, apply and be retired from the Ad-  
4 ministration and receive benefits in accordance with  
5 subchapter III of chapter 83 or 84 of title 5 if the  
6 employee has been employed continuously within the  
7 Administration for more than 30 days before the  
8 date on which the determination to conduct a reduc-  
9 tion or restructuring within 1 or more Administra-  
10 tion centers is approved.

11 “(4) SEPARATION PAY.—

12 “(A) IN GENERAL.—Separation pay shall  
13 be paid in a lump sum or in installments and  
14 shall be equal to the lesser of—

15 “(i) an amount equal to the amount  
16 the employee would be entitled to receive  
17 under section 5595(c) of title 5, if the em-  
18 ployee were entitled to payment under such  
19 section; or

20 “(ii) \$40,000.

21 “(B) LIMITATIONS.—Separation pay shall  
22 not be a basis for payment, and shall not be in-  
23 cluded in the computation, of any other type of  
24 Government benefit. Separation pay shall not  
25 be taken into account for the purpose of deter-

1 mining the amount of any severance pay to  
2 which an individual may be entitled under sec-  
3 tion 5595 of title 5, based on any other separa-  
4 tion.

5 “(C) INSTALLMENTS.—Separation pay, if  
6 paid in installments, shall cease to be paid upon  
7 the recipient’s acceptance of employment by the  
8 Federal Government, or commencement of work  
9 under a personal services contract as described  
10 in paragraph (5).

11 “(5) LIMITATIONS ON REEMPLOYMENT.—

12 “(A) An employee who receives separation  
13 pay under such program may not be reemployed  
14 by the Administration for a 12-month period  
15 beginning on the effective date of the employ-  
16 ee’s separation, unless this prohibition is waived  
17 by the Administrator on a case-by-case basis.

18 “(B) An employee who receives separation  
19 pay under this section on the basis of a separa-  
20 tion and accepts employment with the Govern-  
21 ment of the United States, or who commences  
22 work through a personal services contract with  
23 the United States within 5 years after the date  
24 of the separation on which payment of the sepa-  
25 ration pay is based, shall be required to repay

1 the entire amount of the separation pay to the  
2 Administration. If the employment is with an  
3 Executive agency (as defined by section 105 of  
4 title 5) other than the Administration, the Ad-  
5 ministrator may, at the request of the head of  
6 that agency, waive the repayment if the indi-  
7 vidual involved possesses unique abilities and is  
8 the only qualified applicant available for the po-  
9 sition. If the employment is within the Adminis-  
10 tration, the Administrator may waive the repay-  
11 ment if the individual involved is the only quali-  
12 fied applicant available for the position. If the  
13 employment is with an entity in the legislative  
14 branch, the head of the entity or the appointing  
15 official may waive the repayment if the indi-  
16 vidual involved possesses unique abilities and is  
17 the only qualified applicant available for the po-  
18 sition. If the employment is with the judicial  
19 branch, the Director of the Administrative Of-  
20 fice of the United States Courts may waive the  
21 repayment if the individual involved possesses  
22 unique abilities and is the only qualified appli-  
23 cant available for the position.

24 “(6) REGULATIONS.—Under the program es-  
25 tablished under paragraph (2), early retirement and

1 separation pay may be offered only pursuant to reg-  
2 ulations established by the Administrator, subject to  
3 such limitations or conditions as the Administrator  
4 may require.

5 “(7) USE OF EXISTING FUNDS.—The Adminis-  
6 trator shall carry out this subsection using amounts  
7 otherwise made available to the Administrator and  
8 no additional funds are authorized to be appro-  
9 priated to carry out this subsection.”.

10 **SEC. 670. CONFIDENTIALITY OF MEDICAL QUALITY ASSUR-**  
11 **ANCE RECORDS.**

12 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 313 of title 51, United  
13 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-  
14 lowing:

15 **“§ 31303. Confidentiality of medical quality assurance**  
16 **records**

17 “(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection

18 (b)(1)—

19 “(1) a medical quality assurance record, or any  
20 part of a medical quality assurance record, may not  
21 be subject to discovery or admitted into evidence in  
22 a judicial or administrative proceeding; and

23 “(2) an individual who reviews or creates a  
24 medical quality assurance record for the Administra-  
25 tion, or participates in any proceeding that reviews

1 or creates a medical quality assurance record, may  
2 not testify in a judicial or administrative proceeding  
3 with respect to—

4 “(A) the medical quality assurance record;  
5 or

6 “(B) any finding, recommendation, evalua-  
7 tion, opinion, or action taken by such individual  
8 or in accordance with such proceeding with re-  
9 spect to the medical quality assurance record.

10 “(b) DISCLOSURE OF RECORDS.—

11 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding subsection  
12 (a), a medical quality assurance record may be dis-  
13 closed to—

14 “(A) a Federal agency or private entity, if  
15 the medical quality assurance record is nec-  
16 essary for the Federal agency or private entity  
17 to carry out—

18 “(i) licensing or accreditation func-  
19 tions relating to Administration healthcare  
20 facilities; or

21 “(ii) monitoring of Administration  
22 healthcare facilities required by law;

23 “(B) a Federal agency or healthcare pro-  
24 vider, if the medical quality assurance record is  
25 required by the Federal agency or healthcare

1 provider to enable Administration participation  
2 in a healthcare program of the Federal agency  
3 or healthcare provider;

4 “(C) a criminal or civil law enforcement  
5 agency, or an instrumentality authorized by law  
6 to protect the public health or safety, on writ-  
7 ten request by a qualified representative of such  
8 agency or instrumentality submitted to the Ad-  
9 ministrator that includes a description of the  
10 lawful purpose for which the medical quality as-  
11 surance record is requested;

12 “(D) an officer, an employee, or a con-  
13 tractor of the Administration who requires the  
14 medical quality assurance record to carry out  
15 an official duty associated with healthcare;

16 “(E) healthcare personnel, to the extent  
17 necessary to address a medical emergency af-  
18 fecting the health or safety of an individual;  
19 and

20 “(F) any committee, panel, or board con-  
21 vened by the Administration to review the  
22 healthcare-related policies and practices of the  
23 Administration.

24 “(2) SUBSEQUENT DISCLOSURE PROHIBITED.—  
25 An individual or entity to whom a medical quality

1 assurance record has been disclosed under para-  
2 graph (1) may not make a subsequent disclosure of  
3 the medical quality assurance record.

4 “(c) PERSONALLY IDENTIFIABLE INFORMATION.—

5 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-  
6 graph (2), the personally identifiable information  
7 contained in a medical quality assurance record of a  
8 patient or an employee of the Administration, or any  
9 other individual associated with the Administration  
10 for purposes of a medical quality assurance pro-  
11 gram, shall be removed before the disclosure of the  
12 medical quality assurance record to an entity other  
13 than the Administration.

14 “(2) EXCEPTION.— Personally identifiable in-  
15 formation described in paragraph (1) may be re-  
16 leased to an entity other than the Administration if  
17 the Administrator makes a determination that the  
18 release of such personally identifiable information—

19 “(A) is in the best interests of the Admin-  
20 istration; and

21 “(B) does not constitute an unwarranted  
22 invasion of personal privacy.

23 “(d) EXCLUSION FROM FOIA.—A medical quality  
24 assurance record may not be made available to any person  
25 under section 552 of title 5, United States Code (com-



1 monly referred to as the ‘Freedom of Information Act’),  
2 and this section shall be considered a statute described  
3 in subsection (b)(3)(B) of such section 522.

4 “(e) REGULATIONS.—Not later than one year after  
5 the date of the enactment of this section, the Adminis-  
6 trator shall promulgate regulations to implement this sec-  
7 tion.

8 “(f) RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this  
9 section shall be construed—

10 “(1) to withhold a medical quality assurance  
11 record from a committee of the Senate or House of  
12 Representatives or a joint committee of Congress if  
13 the medical quality assurance record relates to a  
14 matter within the jurisdiction of such committee or  
15 joint committee; or

16 “(2) to limit the use of a medical quality assur-  
17 ance record within the Administration, including the  
18 use by a contractor or consultant of the Administra-  
19 tion.

20 “(g) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

21 “(1) MEDICAL QUALITY ASSURANCE RECORD.—  
22 The term ‘medical quality assurance record’ means  
23 any proceeding, discussion, record, finding, rec-  
24 ommendation, evaluation, opinion, minutes, report,  
25 or other document or action that results from a

1 quality assurance committee, quality assurance pro-  
2 gram, or quality assurance program activity.

3 “(2) QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM.—

4 “(A) IN GENERAL.—The term ‘quality as-  
5 surance program’ means a comprehensive pro-  
6 gram of the Administration—

7 “(i) to systematically review and im-  
8 prove the quality of medical and behavioral  
9 health services provided by the Administra-  
10 tion to ensure the safety and security of  
11 individuals receiving such health services;  
12 and

13 “(ii) to evaluate and improve the effi-  
14 ciency, effectiveness, and use of staff and  
15 resources in the delivery of such health  
16 services.

17 “(B) INCLUSION.—The term ‘quality as-  
18 surance program’ includes any activity carried  
19 out by or for the Administration to assess the  
20 quality of medical care provided by the Admin-  
21 istration.”.

22 (b) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—  
23 The table of sections for chapter 313 of title 51, United  
24 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-  
25 lowing:

“31303. Confidentiality of medical quality assurance records.”.

1       **PART VIII—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS**

2       **SEC. 671. CONTRACTING AUTHORITY.**

3       Section 20113 of title 51, United States Code, is  
4 amended by adding at the end the following:

5       “(o) **CONTRACTING AUTHORITY.**—The Administra-  
6 tion—

7               “(1) may enter into an agreement with a pri-  
8 vate, commercial, or State government entity to pro-  
9 vide the entity with supplies, support, and services  
10 related to private, commercial, or State government  
11 space activities carried out at a property owned or  
12 operated by the Administration; and

13               “(2) upon the request of such an entity, may  
14 include such supplies, support, and services in the  
15 requirements of the Administration if—

16                       “(A) the Administrator determines that  
17 the inclusion of such supplies, support, or serv-  
18 ices in such requirements—

19                               “(i) is in the best interest of the Fed-  
20 eral Government;

21                               “(ii) does not interfere with the re-  
22 quirements of the Administration; and

23                               “(iii) does not compete with the com-  
24 mercial space activities of other such enti-  
25 ties; and

1           “(B) the Administration has full reimburs-  
2           able funding from the entity that requested  
3           supplies, support, and services prior to making  
4           any obligation for the delivery of such supplies,  
5           support, or services under an Administration  
6           procurement contract or any other agreement.”.

7 **SEC. 672. AUTHORITY FOR TRANSACTION PROTOTYPE**  
8           **PROJECTS AND FOLLOW-ON PRODUCTION**  
9           **CONTRACTS.**

10          Section 20113 of title 51, United States Code, as  
11          amended by section 671, is further amended by adding  
12          at the end the following:

13          “(p) TRANSACTION PROTOTYPE PROJECTS AND FOL-  
14          LOW-ON PRODUCTION CONTRACTS.—

15                 “(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administration may  
16                 enter into a transaction (other than a contract, co-  
17                 operative agreement, or grant) to carry out a proto-  
18                 type project that is directly relevant to enhancing  
19                 the mission effectiveness of the Administration.

20                 “(2) SUBSEQUENT AWARD OF FOLLOW-ON PRO-  
21                 DUCTION CONTRACT.—A transaction entered into  
22                 under this subsection for a prototype project may  
23                 provide for the subsequent award of a follow-on pro-  
24                 duction contract to participants in the transaction.

1           “(3) INCLUSION.—A transaction under this  
2 subsection includes a project awarded to an indi-  
3 vidual participant and to all individual projects  
4 awarded to a consortium of United States industry  
5 and academic institutions.

6           “(4) DETERMINATION.—The authority of this  
7 section may be exercised for a transaction for a pro-  
8 totype project and any follow-on production contract,  
9 upon a determination by the head of the contracting  
10 activity, in accordance with Administration policies,  
11 that—

12           “(A) circumstances justify use of a trans-  
13 action to provide an innovative business ar-  
14 rangement that would not be feasible or appro-  
15 priate under a contract; and

16           “(B) the use of the authority of this sec-  
17 tion is essential to promoting the success of the  
18 prototype project.

19           “(5) COMPETITIVE PROCEDURE.—

20           “(A) IN GENERAL.—To the maximum ex-  
21 tent practicable, the Administrator shall use  
22 competitive procedures with respect to entering  
23 into a transaction to carry out a prototype  
24 project.

1           “(B) EXCEPTION.—Notwithstanding sec-  
2           tion 2304 of title 10, United States Code, a fol-  
3           low-on production contract may be awarded to  
4           the participants in the prototype transaction  
5           without the use of competitive procedures, if—

6                   “(i) competitive procedures were used  
7                   for the selection of parties for participation  
8                   in the prototype transaction; and

9                   “(ii) the participants in the trans-  
10                  action successfully completed the prototype  
11                  project provided for in the transaction.

12           “(6) COST SHARE.—A transaction to carry out  
13           a prototype project and a follow-on production con-  
14           tract may require that part of the total cost of the  
15           transaction or contract be paid by the participant or  
16           contractor from a source other than the Federal  
17           Government.

18           “(7) PROCUREMENT ETHICS.—A transaction  
19           under this authority shall be considered an agency  
20           procurement for purposes of chapter 21 of title 41,  
21           United States Code, with regard to procurement eth-  
22           ics.”.

1 **SEC. 673. PROTECTION OF DATA AND INFORMATION FROM**  
2 **PUBLIC DISCLOSURE.**

3 (a) CERTAIN TECHNICAL DATA.—Section 20131 of  
4 title 51, United States Code, is amended—

5 (1) by redesignating subsection (c) as sub-  
6 section (d);

7 (2) in subsection (a)(3), by striking “subsection  
8 (b)” and inserting “subsection (b) or (c)”;

9 (3) by inserting after subsection (b) the fol-  
10 lowing:

11 “(c) SPECIAL HANDLING OF CERTAIN TECHNICAL  
12 DATA.—

13 “(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator may  
14 provide appropriate protections against the public  
15 dissemination of certain technical data, including ex-  
16 emption from subchapter II of chapter 5 of title 5.

17 “(2) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:

18 “(A) CERTAIN TECHNICAL DATA.—The  
19 term ‘certain technical data’ means technical  
20 data that may not be exported lawfully outside  
21 the United States without approval, authoriza-  
22 tion, or license under—

23 “(i) the Export Control Reform Act of  
24 2018 (Public Law 115–232; 132 Stat.  
25 2208); or

1                   “(ii) the International Security Assist-  
2                   ance and Arms Export Control Act of  
3                   1976 (Public Law 94–329; 90 Stat. 729).

4                   “(B) TECHNICAL DATA.—The term ‘tech-  
5                   nical data’ means any blueprint, drawing, pho-  
6                   tograph, plan, instruction, computer software,  
7                   or documentation, or any other technical infor-  
8                   mation.”;

9                   (4) in subsection (d), as so redesignated, by in-  
10                  serting “, including any data,” after “information”;  
11                  and

12                  (5) by adding at the end the following:

13                  “(e) EXCLUSION FROM FOIA.—This shall be consid-  
14                  ered a statute described in subsection (b)(3)(B) of 552  
15                  of title 5 (commonly referred to as the ‘Freedom of Infor-  
16                  mation Act’).”.

17                  (b) CERTAIN VOLUNTARILY PROVIDED SAFETY-RE-  
18                  LATED INFORMATION.—

19                  (1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall pro-  
20                  vide appropriate safeguards against the public dis-  
21                  semination of safety-related information collected as  
22                  part of a mishap investigation carried out under the  
23                  NASA safety reporting system or in conjunction  
24                  with an organizational safety assessment, if the Ad-



1        administrator makes a written determination, including  
2        a justification of the determination, that—

3                (A)(i) disclosure of the information would  
4                inhibit individuals from voluntarily providing  
5                safety-related information; and

6                (ii) the ability of NASA to collect such in-  
7                formation improves the safety of NASA pro-  
8                grams and research relating to aeronautics and  
9                space; or

10              (B) withholding such information from public  
11              disclosure improves the safety of such NASA pro-  
12              grams and research.

13              (2) OTHER FEDERAL AGENCIES.—Notwith-  
14              standing any other provision of law, if the Adminis-  
15              trator provides to the head of another Federal agen-  
16              cy safety-related information with respect to which  
17              the Administrator has made a determination under  
18              paragraph (1), the head of the Federal agency shall  
19              withhold the information from public disclosure.

20              (3) PUBLIC AVAILABILITY.—A determination or  
21              part of a determination under paragraph (1) shall be  
22              made available to the public on request, as required  
23              under 552 of title 5, United States Code (commonly  
24              referred to as the “Freedom of Information Act”).

1           (4) **EXCLUSION FROM FOIA.**—This subsection  
2 shall be considered a statute described in subsection  
3 (b)(3)(B) of section 552 of title 5, United States  
4 Code.

5 **SEC. 674. PHYSICAL SECURITY MODERNIZATION.**

6 Chapter 201 of title 51, United States Code, is  
7 amended—

8           (1) in section 20133(2), by striking “property”  
9 and all that follows through “to the United States,”  
10 and inserting “Administration personnel or of prop-  
11 erty owned or leased by, or under the control of, the  
12 United States”; and

13           (2) in section 20134, in the second sentence—

14               (A) by inserting “Administration personnel  
15 or any” after “protecting”; and

16               (B) by striking “, at facilities owned or  
17 contracted to the Administration”.

18 **SEC. 675. LEASE OF NON-EXCESS PROPERTY.**

19 Section 20145 of title 51, United States Code, is  
20 amended—

21           (1) in subsection (b)(1)(B), by striking “en-  
22 tered into for the purpose of developing renewable  
23 energy production facilities”; and

1           (2) in subsection (g), in the first sentence, by  
2           striking “December 31, 2021” and inserting “De-  
3           cember 31, 2025”.

4 **SEC. 676. CYBERSECURITY.**

5           (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 20301 of title 51, United  
6 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-  
7 lowing:

8           “(c) CYBERSECURITY.—The Administrator shall up-  
9 date and improve the cybersecurity of NASA space assets  
10 and supporting infrastructure.”.

11           (b) SECURITY OPERATIONS CENTER.—

12           (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Administrator shall  
13 maintain a Security Operations Center, to identify  
14 and respond to cybersecurity threats to NASA infor-  
15 mation technology systems, including institutional  
16 systems and mission systems.

17           (2) INSPECTOR GENERAL RECOMMENDA-  
18 TIONS.—The Administrator shall implement, to the  
19 maximum extent practicable, each of the rec-  
20 ommendations contained in the report of the Inspec-  
21 tor General of NASA entitled “Audit of NASA’s Se-  
22 curity Operations Center”, issued on May 23, 2018.

23           (c) CYBER THREAT HUNT.—

24           (1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator, in co-  
25 ordination with the Secretary of Homeland Security

1       and the heads of other relevant Federal agencies,  
2       may implement a cyber threat hunt capability to  
3       proactively search NASA information systems for  
4       advanced cyber threats that otherwise evade existing  
5       security tools.

6               (2) THREAT-HUNTING PROCESS.—In carrying  
7       out paragraph (1), the Administrator shall develop  
8       and document a threat-hunting process, including  
9       the roles and responsibilities of individuals con-  
10      ducting a cyber threat hunt.

11      (d) GAO PRIORITY RECOMMENDATIONS.—The Ad-  
12      ministrator shall implement, to the maximum extent prac-  
13      ticable, the recommendations for NASA contained in the  
14      report of the Comptroller General of the United States  
15      entitled “Information Security: Agencies Need to Improve  
16      Controls over Selected High-Impact Systems”, issued May  
17      18, 2016, including—

18              (1) re-evaluating security control assessments;

19      and

20              (2) specifying metrics for the continuous moni-  
21      toring strategy of the Administration.

1 **SEC. 677. LIMITATION ON COOPERATION WITH THE PEOP-**  
2 **LE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA.**

3 (a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided by subsection  
4 (b), the Administrator, the Director of the OSTP, and the  
5 Chair of the National Space Council, shall not—

6 (1) develop, design, plan, promulgate, imple-  
7 ment, or execute a bilateral policy, program, order,  
8 or contract of any kind to participate, collaborate, or  
9 coordinate bilaterally in any manner with—

10 (A) the Government of the People's Repub-  
11 lic of China; or

12 (B) any company—

13 (i) owned by the Government of the  
14 People's Republic of China; or

15 (ii) incorporated under the laws of the  
16 People's Republic of China; and

17 (2) host official visitors from the People's Re-  
18 public of China at a facility belonging to or used by  
19 NASA.

20 (b) WAIVER.—

21 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator, the Di-  
22 rector, or the Chair may waive the limitation under  
23 subsection (a) with respect to an activity described  
24 in that subsection only if the Administrator, the Di-  
25 rector, or the Chair, as applicable, makes a deter-  
26 mination that the activity—

1           (A) does not pose a risk of a transfer of  
2           technology, data, or other information with na-  
3           tional security or economic security implications  
4           to an entity described in paragraph (1) of such  
5           subsection; and

6           (B) does not involve knowing interactions  
7           with officials who have been determined by the  
8           United States to have direct involvement with  
9           violations of human rights.

10          (2) CERTIFICATION TO CONGRESS.—Not later  
11          than 30 days after the date on which a waiver is  
12          granted under paragraph (1), the Administrator, the  
13          Director, or the Chair, as applicable, shall submit to  
14          the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Trans-  
15          portation and the Committee on Appropriations of  
16          the Senate and the Committee on Science, Space,  
17          and Technology and the Committee on Appropria-  
18          tions of the House of Representatives a written cer-  
19          tification that the activity complies with the require-  
20          ments in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of that para-  
21          graph.

22          (c) GAO REVIEW.—

23           (1) IN GENERAL.—The Comptroller General of  
24           the United States shall conduct a review of NASA  
25           contracts that may subject the Administration to un-

1 acceptable transfers of intellectual property or tech-  
2 nology to any entity—

3 (A) owned or controlled (in whole or in  
4 part) by, or otherwise affiliated with, the Gov-  
5 ernment of the People’s Republic of China; or

6 (B) organized under, or otherwise subject  
7 to, the laws of the People’s Republic of China.

8 (2) ELEMENTS.—The review required under  
9 paragraph (1) shall assess—

10 (A) whether the Administrator is aware—

11 (i) of any NASA contractor that bene-  
12 fits from significant financial assistance  
13 from—

14 (I) the Government of the Peo-  
15 ple’s Republic of China;

16 (II) any entity controlled by the  
17 Government of the People’s Republic  
18 of China; or

19 (III) any other governmental en-  
20 tity of the People’s Republic of China;  
21 and

22 (ii) that the Government of the Peo-  
23 ple’s Republic of China, or an entity con-  
24 trolled by the Government of the People’s  
25 Republic of China, may be—

1 (I) leveraging United States com-  
2 panies that share ownership with  
3 NASA contractors; or

4 (II) obtaining intellectual prop-  
5 erty or technology illicitly or by other  
6 unacceptable means; and

7 (B) the steps the Administrator is taking  
8 to ensure that—

9 (i) NASA contractors are not being le-  
10 veraged (directly or indirectly) by the Gov-  
11 ernment of the People’s Republic of China  
12 or by an entity controlled by the Govern-  
13 ment of the People’s Republic of China;

14 (ii) the intellectual property and tech-  
15 nology of NASA contractors are adequately  
16 protected; and

17 (iii) NASA flight-critical components  
18 are not sourced from the People’s Republic  
19 of China through any entity benefitting  
20 from Chinese investments, loans, or other  
21 assistance.

22 (3) RECOMMENDATIONS.—The Comptroller  
23 General shall provide to the Administrator rec-  
24 ommendations for future NASA contracting based  
25 on the results of the review.



1           (4) PLAN.—Not later than 180 days after the  
2           date on which the Comptroller General completes the  
3           review, the Administrator shall—

4                   (A) develop a plan to implement the rec-  
5                   ommendations of the Comptroller General; and

6                   (B) submit the plan to the appropriate  
7                   committees of Congress.

8           (d) TERMINATION.—The limitation under subsection  
9           (a) shall cease to have effect on the date that is 10 years  
10          after the date of the enactment of this Act.

11 **SEC. 678. CONSIDERATION OF ISSUES RELATED TO CON-**  
12 **TRACTING WITH ENTITIES RECEIVING AS-**  
13 **SISTANCE FROM OR AFFILIATED WITH THE**  
14 **PEOPLE’S REPUBLIC OF CHINA.**

15          (a) IN GENERAL.—With respect to a matter in re-  
16          sponse to a request for proposal or a broad area announce-  
17          ment by the Administrator, or award of any contract,  
18          agreement, or other transaction with the Administrator,  
19          a commercial or noncommercial entity shall certify that  
20          it is not majority owned or controlled (as defined in section  
21          800.208 of title 31, Code of Federal Regulations), or mi-  
22          nority owned greater than 25 percent, by—

23                   (1) any governmental organization of the Peo-  
24                   ple’s Republic of China; or

25                   (2) any other entity that is—

1 (A) known to be owned or controlled by  
2 any governmental organization of the People's  
3 Republic of China; or

4 (B) organized under, or otherwise subject  
5 to, the laws of the People's Republic of China.

6 (b) FALSE STATEMENTS.—

7 (1) IN GENERAL.—A false statement contained  
8 in a certification under subsection (a) constitutes a  
9 false or fraudulent claim for purposes of chapter 47  
10 of title 18, United States Code.

11 (2) ACTION UNDER FEDERAL ACQUISITION  
12 REGULATION.—Any party convicted for making a  
13 false statement with respect to a certification under  
14 subsection (a) shall be subject to debarment from  
15 contracting with the Administrator for a period of  
16 not less than 1 year, as determined by the Adminis-  
17 trator, in addition to other appropriate action in ac-  
18 cordance with the Federal Acquisition Regulation  
19 maintained under section 1303(a)(1) of title 41,  
20 United States Code.

21 (c) ANNUAL REPORT.—The Administrator shall sub-  
22 mit to the appropriate committees of Congress an annual  
23 report detailing any violation of this section.

1 **SEC. 679. SMALL SATELLITE LAUNCH SERVICES PROGRAM.**

2 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall continue  
3 to procure dedicated launch services, including from small  
4 and venture class launch providers, for small satellites, in-  
5 cluding CubeSats, for the purpose of conducting science  
6 and technology missions that further the goals of NASA.

7 (b) REQUIREMENTS.—In carrying out the program  
8 under subsection (a), the Administrator shall engage with  
9 the academic community to maximize awareness and use  
10 of dedicated small satellite launch opportunities.

11 (c) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this sec-  
12 tion shall prevent the Administrator from continuing to  
13 use a secondary payload of procured launch services for  
14 CubeSats.

15 **SEC. 680. 21ST CENTURY SPACE LAUNCH INFRASTRUC-**  
16 **TURE.**

17 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall carry out  
18 a program to modernize multi-user launch infrastructure  
19 at NASA facilities—

20 (1) to enhance safety; and

21 (2) to advance Government and commercial  
22 space transportation and exploration.

23 (b) PROJECTS.—Projects funded under the program  
24 under subsection (a) may include—

25 (1) infrastructure relating to commodities;

1           (2) standard interfaces to meet customer needs  
2           for multiple payload processing and launch vehicle  
3           processing;

4           (3) enhancements to range capacity and flexi-  
5           bility; and

6           (4) such other projects as the Administrator  
7           considers appropriate to meet the goals described in  
8           subsection (a).

9           (c) REQUIREMENTS.—In carrying out the program  
10          under subsection (a), the Administrator shall—

11           (1) identify and prioritize investments in  
12           projects that can be used by multiple users and  
13           launch vehicles, including non-NASA users and  
14           launch vehicles; and

15           (2) limit investments to projects that would not  
16           otherwise be funded by a NASA program, such as  
17           an institutional or programmatic infrastructure pro-  
18           gram.

19           (d) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this sec-  
20          tion shall preclude a NASA program, including the Space  
21          Launch System and Orion, from using the launch infra-  
22          structure modernized under this section.

23          **SEC. 681. MISSIONS OF NATIONAL NEED.**

24           (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the Sense of Con-  
25          gress that—

1           (1) while certain space missions, such as aster-  
2           oid detection or space debris mitigation or removal  
3           missions, may not provide the highest-value science,  
4           as determined by the National Academies of Science,  
5           Engineering, and Medicine decadal surveys, such  
6           missions provide tremendous value to the United  
7           States and the world; and

8           (2) the current organizational and funding  
9           structure of NASA has not prioritized the funding  
10          of missions of national need.

11         (b) STUDY.—

12           (1) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the OSTP  
13           shall conduct a study on the manner in which NASA  
14           funds missions of national need.

15           (2) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—The study  
16           conducted under paragraph (1) shall include the fol-  
17           lowing:

18           (A) An identification and assessment of  
19           the types of missions or technology development  
20           programs that constitute missions of national  
21           need.

22           (B) An assessment of the manner in which  
23           such missions are currently funded and man-  
24           aged by NASA.

1 (C) An analysis of the options for funding  
2 missions of national need, including—

3 (i) structural changes required to  
4 allow NASA to fund such missions; and

5 (ii) an assessment of the capacity of  
6 other Federal agencies to make funds  
7 available for such missions.

8 (c) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 1 year  
9 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director  
10 of the OSTP shall submit to the appropriate committees  
11 of Congress a report on the results of the study conducted  
12 under subsection (b), including recommendations for fund-  
13 ing missions of national need.

14 **SEC. 682. DRINKING WATER WELL REPLACEMENT FOR**  
15 **CHINCOTEAGUE, VIRGINIA.**

16 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, during  
17 the 5-year period beginning on the date of the enactment  
18 of this Act, the Administrator may enter into 1 or more  
19 agreements with the town of Chincoteague, Virginia, to  
20 reimburse the town for costs that are directly associated  
21 with—

22 (1) the removal of drinking water wells located  
23 on property administered by the Administration; and

1           (2) the relocation of such wells to property  
2           under the administrative control, through lease, own-  
3           ership, or easement, of the town.

4 **SEC. 683. PASSENGER CARRIER USE.**

5           Section 1344(a)(2) of title 31, United States Code,  
6 is amended—

7           (1) in subparagraph (A), by striking “or” at  
8           the end;

9           (2) in subparagraph (B), by inserting “or”  
10          after the comma at the end; and

11          (3) by inserting after subparagraph (B) the fol-  
12          lowing:

13               “(C) necessary for post-flight transportation of  
14               United States Government astronauts, and other as-  
15               tronauts subject to reimbursable arrangements, re-  
16               turning from space for the performance of medical  
17               research, monitoring, diagnosis, or treatment, or  
18               other official duties, prior to receiving post-flight  
19               medical clearance to operate a motor vehicle.”.

20 **SEC. 684. USE OF COMMERCIAL NEAR-SPACE BALLOONS.**

21          (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-  
22          gress that the use of an array of capabilities, including  
23          the use of commercially available near-space balloon as-  
24          sets, is in the best interest of the United States.

1 (b) USE OF COMMERCIAL NEAR-SPACE BALLOONS.—  
2 The Administrator shall use commercially available bal-  
3 loon assets operating at near-space altitudes, to the max-  
4 imum extent practicable, as part of a diverse set of capa-  
5 bilities to effectively and efficiently meet the goals of the  
6 Administration.

7 **SEC. 685. PRESIDENT'S SPACE ADVISORY BOARD.**

8 Section 121 of the National Aeronautics and Space  
9 Administration Authorization Act, Fiscal Year 1991 (Pub-  
10 lic Law 101-611; 51 U.S.C. 20111 note) is amended—

11 (1) in the section heading, by striking “**USERS’**  
12 **ADVISORY GROUP**” and inserting “**PRESIDENT’S**  
13 **SPACE ADVISORY BOARD**”; and

14 (2) by striking “Users’ Advisory Group” each  
15 place it appears and inserting “President’s Space  
16 Advisory Board.”

17 **SEC. 686. INITIATIVE ON TECHNOLOGIES FOR NOISE AND**  
18 **EMISSIONS REDUCTIONS.**

19 (a) INITIATIVE REQUIRED.—Section 40112 of title  
20 51, United States Code, is amended—

21 (1) by redesignating subsections (b) through (f)  
22 as subsections (c) through (g), respectively; and

23 (2) by inserting after subsection (a) the fol-  
24 lowing new subsection (b):



1           “(b) TECHNOLOGIES FOR NOISE AND EMISSIONS RE-  
2   DUCTION.—

3           “(1) INITIATIVE REQUIRED.—The Adminis-  
4   trator shall establish an initiative to build upon and  
5   accelerate previous or ongoing work to develop and  
6   demonstrate new technologies, including systems ar-  
7   chitecture, components, or integration of systems  
8   and airframe structures, in electric aircraft propul-  
9   sion concepts that are capable of substantially reduc-  
10   ing both emissions and noise from aircraft.

11           “(2) APPROACH.—In carrying out the initiative,  
12   the Administrator shall do the following:

13           “(A) Continue and expand work of the Ad-  
14   ministration on research, development, and  
15   demonstration of electric aircraft concepts, and  
16   the integration of such concepts.

17           “(B) To the extent practicable, work with  
18   multiple partners, including small businesses  
19   and new entrants, on research and development  
20   activities related to transport category aircraft.

21           “(C) Provide guidance to the Federal Avia-  
22   tion Administration on technologies developed  
23   and tested pursuant to the initiative.”.

24           (b) REPORTS.—Not later than 180 days after the  
25   date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter

1 as a part of the Administration's budget submission, the  
2 Administrator shall submit a report to the appropriate  
3 committee of Congress on the progress of the work under  
4 the initiative required by subsection (b) of section 40112  
5 of title 51, United States Code (as amended by subsection  
6 (a) of this section), including an updated, anticipated  
7 timeframe for aircraft entering into service that produce  
8 50 percent less noise and emissions than the highest per-  
9 forming aircraft in service as of December 31, 2019.

10 **SEC. 687. REMEDIATION OF SITES CONTAMINATED WITH**  
11 **TRICHLOROETHYLENE.**

12 (a) IDENTIFICATION OF SITES.—Not later than 180  
13 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Ad-  
14 ministrator shall identify sites of the Administration con-  
15 taminated with trichloroethylene.

16 (b) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 1 year after  
17 the date of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator  
18 shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress  
19 a report that includes—

20 (1) the recommendations of the Administrator  
21 for remediating the sites identified under subsection  
22 (a) during the 5-year period beginning on the date  
23 of the report; and

24 (2) an estimate of the financial resources nec-  
25 essary to implement those recommendations.

1 **SEC. 688. REVIEW ON PREFERENCE FOR DOMESTIC SUP-**  
2 **PLIERS.**

3 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the Sense of Con-  
4 gress that the Administration should, to the maximum ex-  
5 tent practicable and with due consideration of foreign pol-  
6 icy goals and obligations under Federal law—

7 (1) use domestic suppliers of goods and serv-  
8 ices; and

9 (2) ensure compliance with the Federal acquisi-  
10 tion regulations, including subcontract flow-down  
11 provisions.

12 (b) REVIEW.—

13 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days  
14 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Ad-  
15 ministrator shall undertake a comprehensive review  
16 of the domestic supplier preferences of the Adminis-  
17 tration and the obligations of the Administration  
18 under the Federal acquisition regulations to ensure  
19 compliance, particularly with respect to Federal ac-  
20 quisition regulations provisions that apply to foreign-  
21 based subcontractors.

22 (2) ELEMENTS.—The review under paragraph  
23 (1) shall include—

24 (A) an assessment as to whether the Ad-  
25 ministration has provided funding for infra-

1 structure of a foreign-owned company or State-  
2 sponsored entity in recent years; and

3 (B) a review of any impact such funding  
4 has had on domestic service providers.

5 (c) REPORT.—The Administrator shall submit to the  
6 appropriate committees of Congress a report on the re-  
7 sults of the review.

8 **SEC. 689. REPORT ON USE OF COMMERCIAL SPACEPORTS**  
9 **LICENSED BY THE FEDERAL AVIATION AD-**  
10 **MINISTRATION.**

11 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the  
12 date of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall  
13 submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report  
14 on the benefits of increased use of commercial spaceports  
15 licensed by the Federal Aviation Administration for NASA  
16 civil space missions and operations.

17 (b) ELEMENTS.—The report required by subsection  
18 (a) shall include the following:

19 (1) A description and assessment of current use  
20 of commercial spaceports licensed by the Federal  
21 Aviation Administration for NASA civil space mis-  
22 sions and operations.

23 (2) A description and assessment of the benefits  
24 of increased use of such spaceports for such mis-  
25 sions and operations.

1           (3) A description and assessment of the steps  
2           necessary to achieve increased use of such space-  
3           ports for such missions and operations.

4 **SEC. 690. ACTIVE ORBITAL DEBRIS MITIGATION.**

5           (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-  
6           gress that—

7           (1) orbital debris, particularly in low-Earth  
8           orbit, poses a hazard to NASA missions, particularly  
9           human spaceflight; and

10          (2) progress has been made on the development  
11          of guidelines for long-term space sustainability  
12          through the United Nations Committee on the  
13          Peaceful Uses of Outer Space.

14          (b) REQUIREMENTS.—The Administrator should—

15          (1) ensure the policies and standard practices  
16          of NASA meet or exceed international guidelines for  
17          spaceflight safety; and

18          (2) support the development of orbital debris  
19          mitigation technologies through continued research  
20          and development of concepts.

21          (c) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 90 days  
22          after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Adminis-  
23          trator shall submit to the appropriate committees of Con-  
24          gress a report on the status of implementing subsection  
25          (b).

1 **SEC. 691. STUDY ON COMMERCIAL COMMUNICATIONS**  
2 **SERVICES.**

3 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-  
4 gress that—

5 (1) enhancing the ability of researchers to con-  
6 duct and interact with experiments while in flight  
7 would make huge advancements in the overall profit-  
8 ability of conducting research on suborbit and low-  
9 Earth orbit payloads; and

10 (2) current NASA communications do not allow  
11 for real-time data collection, observation, or trans-  
12 mission of information.

13 (b) STUDY.—The Administrator shall conduct a  
14 study on the feasibility, impact, and cost of using commer-  
15 cial communications programs services for suborbital  
16 flight programs and low-Earth orbit research.

17 (c) REPORT.—Not later than 18 months after the  
18 date of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall  
19 submit to Congress and make publicly available a report  
20 that describes the results of the study conducted under  
21 subsection (b).